RADIO TEST REPORT

For

Shantou Chaoyang District Shengtena Electronic Factory

Bluetooth headphone

Test Model: STN-16

Additional Model No.:

\$450,\$460,\$TN--019,\$TN-05,\$TN-07,\$TN-08,\$TN-10,\$TN-11,\$TN-12,\$TN-1
3,\$TN-16,\$TN-17,\$TN-18,\$TN-19,B60,B61,B62,B63,B64,B65,B74,B20,HPBT
345,HPBT380,HPBT365,FBHP385

Prepared for : Shantou Chaoyang District Shengtena Electronic Factory

Electronic Factory

Address : Gounan Village Industrial Area, Gurao, Chaoyang District, Shantou City,

China

Prepared by : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

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Mail : webmaster@LCS-cert.com

Date of receipt of test sample : July 20,2017

Number of tested samples : 1

Serial number : Prototype

Date of Test : July 20,2017~ August 26,2017

Date of Report : August 26,2017



RADIO TEST REPORT ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)

Wideband transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz ISM band and using wide band modulation techniques;

Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU

Report Reference No.: LCS170718010AE

Date of Issue : August 26,2017

Testing Laboratory Name: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Address: 1/F., Xingyuan Industrial Park, Tongda Road, Bao'an Avenue,

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Testing Location/ Procedure: Full application of Harmonised standards

Partial application of Harmonised standards

Other standard testing method \Box

Applicant's Name...... : Shantou Chaoyang District Shengtena Electronic Factory

Address: Gounan Village Industrial Area, Gurao, Chaoyang District, Shantou

City, China

Test Specification

Standard: ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)

Test Report Form No.: LCSEMC-1.0

TRF Originator.....: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Master TRF: Dated 2017-02

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Test Item Description. : Bluetooth headphone

Trade Mark : N/A

Test Model: STN-16

Ratings: DC 3.7V by battery (150mAh)

Recharge Voltage: 5V-, 0.5A

Result: Positive

Compiled by:

Vens Lin

Supervised by:

Demi Lin / administrators

Glin Lu/ Technique principal

Gavin Lang Wanager

RADIO -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No.: LCS170718010AE

August 26,2017
Date of issue

Test Model....: STN-16 EUT..... : Bluetooth headphone Applicant.....: : Shantou Chaoyang District Shengtena Electronic Factory District, Shantou City, China Telephone.....: : / Fax.....:: / Manufacturer.....: : Shantou Chaoyang District Shengtena Electronic Factory District, Shantou City, China Telephone.....: : / Fax.....: : / Factory.....: : Shantou Chaoyang District Shengtena Electronic Factory Address...... Gounan Village Industrial Area, Gurao, Chaoyang District, Shantou City, China Telephone....:: / Fax.....:: : /

Test Result	Positive
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Revision History

Revision	Revision Issue Date		Revised By
00	August 26,2017	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

EUT : Bluetooth headphone

Model Number . \$450,\$460,\$TN-019,\$TN-05,\$TN-07,\$TN-08,\$TN-10,\$T

N-11,STN-12,STN-13,STN-16,STN-17,STN-18,STN-19,B6 0,B61,B62,B63,B64,B65,B74,B20,HPBT345,HPBT380,HP

BT365,FBHP385

Model Declaration : PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the

same. So no additional models were tested.

Test Model : STN-16

Power Supply : DC 3.7V by battery (150mAh)

Charging voltage: 5V-, 0.5A

Hardware Version : V4.0

Software Version : V4.00

Bluetooth

Frequency Range : 2402.00-2480.00MHz

Channel Number : 79 channels

Channel Spacing : 1MHz

Modulation Type : GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK

Bluetooth Version : Bluetooth 4.2

Antenna Description : Internal Antenna, 1.2dBi(Max.)

1.2. Objective

This Type approval report is prepared on behalf of **Shantou Chaoyang District Shengtena Electronic Factory** in accordance with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11), Wideband transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz ISM band and using wide band modulation techniques; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU.

The objective is to determine compliance with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11).

1.3. Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

No Related Submittals.

1.4. Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11).

1.5. Description of Test Facility

CNAS Registration Number. is L4595. FCC Registration Number. is 899208.

Industry Canada Registration Number. is 9642A-1.

ESMD Registration Number. is ARCB0108. UL Registration Number. is 100571-492.

TUV SUD Registration Number. is SCN1081.

TUV RH Registration Number. is UA 50296516-001

1.6. Support equipment List

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate

1.7. External I/O

I/O Port Description	Quantity	Cable
Charge Interface	1	N/A

1.8. List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Suring Equipme Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Cal Date	Due Date
EMC Receiver	R&S	ESCS 30	100174	9kHz – 2.75GHz	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
Signal analyzer	Agilent	E4448A(External mixers to 40GHz)	US44300469	9kHz~40GHz	2017-06-18	
LISN	MESS Tec	NNB-2/16Z	99079	9KHz-30MHz	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
LISN (Support Unit)	EMCO	3819/2NM	9703-1839	9KHz-30MHz	2017-06-18	
RF Cable-CON	UTIFLEX	3102-26886-4	CB049	9KHz-30MHz	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
ISN	SCHAFFNER	ISN ST08	21653	9KHz-30MHz	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SIDT FRANKONIA	SAC-3M	03CH03-HY	30M-18GHz	2017-06-18	
Amplifier	SCHAFFNER	COA9231A	18667	9kHz-2GHzz	2017/04/18	2018/04/17
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02120	1GHz-26.5GHz	2017/04/18	2018/04/17
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-6F-260400	9121372	26.5GHz-40GHz	2017/04/18	2018/04/17
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	860004/001	9k-30MHz	2017/04/18	2018/04/17
By-log Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-470	30MHz-1GHz	2017/04/18	2018/04/17
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	6741	1GHz-18GHz	2017/04/18	2018/04/17
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	BBHA9170154	15GHz-40GHz	2017/04/18	2018/04/17
RF Cable-R03m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB021	30MHz-1GHz	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
RF Cable-HIGH	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 106	03CH03-HY	1GHz-40GHz	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
Power Meter	R&S	NRVS	100444	DC-40GHz	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z51	100458	DC-30GHz	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z32	10057	30MHz-6GHz	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
AC Power Source	HPC	HPA-500E	HPA-9100024	AC 0~300V	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
DC power Soure	GW	GPC-6030D	C671845	DC 1V-60V	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
Temp. and Humidigy Chamber	Giant Force	GTH-225-20-S	MAB0103-00	N/A	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
RF CABLE-1m	JYE Bao	RG142	CB034-1m	20MHz-7GHz	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
RF CABLE-2m	JYE Bao	RG142	CB035-2m	20MHz-1GHz	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	10016	10MHz~40GHz	2017/07/16	2018/07/15
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	112012	N/A	2016/10/27	2017/10/26
Wideband Radia Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	1201.0002K50	N/A	2016/11/19	2017/11/18
MXG Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47071151	250KHz~6GHz	2016/10/27	2017/10/26
MXG Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY42081396	250KHz~6GHz	2016/10/27	2017/10/26
PSG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N8257D	MY46520521	250KHz~20GHz	2016/11/19	2017/11/18
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY50510140	10Hz~26.5GHz	2016/10/27	2017/10/26
DC Power Supply	Agilent	E3642A	/	0-8V,5A/0-20V,2 .5A	2016/05/20	2017/05/19
RF Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-1	/	/	2016/11/19	2017/11/18
LTE Test Software	Tonscend	JS1120-1	/	Version: 2.5.7.0	N/A	N/A
X-series USB Peak and Av	Agilent	U2021XA	MY54080022	/	2016/10/27	2017/10/26
4 Ch.Simultaneous Sampli ng 14 Bits 2 MS/s	Agilent	U2531A	MY54080016	/	2016/10/27	2017/10/26
Test Software	Ascentest	AT890-SW	20141230	Version: 20160630	N/A	N/A
Splitter/Combiner(Qty: 2)	Mini-Circuits	ZAPD-50W 4.2-6.0 GHz	NN256400424	/	2016/10/27	2017/10/26
Splitter/Combine(Qty: 2)	MCLI	PS3-7	4463/4464	/	2016/10/27	2017/10/26
ATT (Qty: 1)	Mini-Circuits	VAT-30+	30912	/	2016/10/27	2017/10/26

1.9. Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Parameter	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	5 %
RF output power, conducted	1,5 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	3 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	3 dB
All emissions, radiated	6 dB
Temperature	1 °C
Humidity	5 %
DC and low frequency voltages	3 %
Time	5 %
Duty Cycle	5 %

1.10. Test Environment

Items	Required (IEC 68-1)	Actual
Temperature (°C)	15-35	21
Humidity (%RH)	25-75	50
Barometric pressure (mbar)	860-1060	950-1000

1.11. Description Of Test Modes

LCS has verified the construction and function in typical operation. All the test modes were carried out with the EUT in normal operation, which was shown in this test report and defined as:

Test Mode
Mode 1: Transmit by DH1
Mode 2: Transmit by 2DH1
Mode 3: Transmit by 3DH1
Mode 4: Receive by DH1
Mode 5: Receive by 2DH1
Mode 4: Receive by 3DH1

Note:

- (1) For portable device, radiated spurious emission was verified over X, Y, Z Axis, and shown the worst case on this report.
- (2) Regards to the frequency band operation for systems using FHSS modulation: normal operation (hopping) was selected to test for conducted, and the lowest, highest frequency channel for radiation spurious test.
- (3) The extreme test condition for voltage and temperature were declared by the manufacturer.

2. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.1. Justification

The system was configured for testing in engineering mode.

2.2. EUT Exercise Software

N/A.

2.3. Special Accessories

N/A.

2.4. Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document.

2.5. Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. has not done any modification on the EUT.

2.6. Configuration of Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.

3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

\boxtimes	No deviations from the test standards
	Deviations from the test standards as below description:

Technical requirements for Frequency Hopping equipment:

reclinical requirements for Freq	Technical requirements for Frequency Hopping equipment:				
Performed Test Item	Normative References	Test Performed	Result		
RF Output Power & Receiver Category	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	Pass		
Duty cycle, Tx-Sequence, Tx-gap	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	N/A	N/A		
Accumulated Transmit Time, Frequency Occupation and Hopping Sequence	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	Pass		
Hopping Frequency Separation	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	Pass		
Medium Utilisation (MU) factor	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	N/A	N/A		
Adaptivity (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	N/A	N/A		
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	Pass		
Transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	Pass		
Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	Pass		
Receiver Spurious Emissions	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	Pass		
Receiver Blocking	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	Pass		

Note:
The EUT can operate in an adaptive mode, and can't operate in a non-adaptive mode which is stated by the supplier.

4. RF OUTPUT POWER & Receiver Category

4.1. Limit

For non-adaptive frequency hopping systems

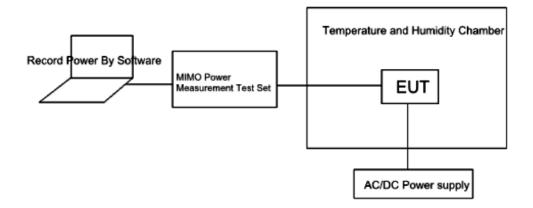
The maximum RF output power for non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment shall be declared by the supplier. The maximum RF output power for this equipment shall be equal to or less than the value declared by the supplier. This declared value shall be equal to or less than 20 dBm.

For adaptive frequency hopping systems

The maximum RF output power for adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment shall be equal to or less than 20 dBm.

4.2. Test Setup

For Conducted Measurement



4.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.2

Step 1:

• The fast power sensor use the following setting: Sample speed 1 MS/s.

Step 2:

• Connect the power sensor to the transmit port, sample the transmit signal and store the raw data. Use these stored samples in all following steps.

Step 3:

• Find the start and stop times of each burst in the stored measurement samples.

Step 4:

• Between the start and stop times of each individual burst calculate the RMS power over the burst. Save these P_{burst} values, as well as the start and stop times for each burst.

Step 5:

• The highest of all P_{burst} values (value "A" in dBm) will be used for maximum e.i.r.p. calculations.

Step 6:

- Add the (stated) antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi of the individual antenna.
- If applicable, add the additional beamforming gain "Y" in dB.

The RF Output Power (P) shall be calculated using the formula below: P = A + G + Y

4.4. Test Result

Pass

***Note: 20 bursts had been captured for power measurement.

Product	••	bluetooth earphone
Test Item	• •	RF Output Power
Test Mode	:	Mode 1: Transmit by DH1

Test Co	nditions	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
	**	2402	3.22	
Tnom (25°C)	Vnom (DC 3.7V)	2441	3.46	20
	(DC 3.7V)	2480	4.20	
	**	2402	3.23	
Tmax (45°C)	Vmax (DC 4.2V)	2441	3.62	20
	(DC 4.2 V)	2480	4.18	
		2402	3.29	20
Tmax (45°C)	Vmin (DC 3.3V)	2441	3.65	
		2480	4.01	
	**	2402	3.27	
Tmin (-20°C)	Vmax (DC 4.2V)	2441	3.52	20
	(DC 4.2 V)	2480	3.80	
	**	2402	3.31	
Tmin (-20°C)	Vmin (DC 3.3V)	1 2441 1 3.50	3.50	20
	(DC 3.3 V)	2480	3.92	

Product	:	luetooth earphone	
Test Item	:	RF Output Power	
Test Mode	:	Mode 2: Transmit by 2DH1	

Test Co	nditions	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	
		2402	2.54		
Tnom (25℃)	Vnom (DC 3.7V)	2441	2.79	20	
	(DC 3.7V)	2480	3.54		
	* 7	2402	2.59		
Tmax (45°C)	Vmax (DC 4.2V)	2441	3.01	20	
	(DC 4.2 V)	2480	3.52		
	***	2402	2.63	20	
Tmax (45°C)	Vmin (DC 3.3V)	2441	3.04		
	(DC 3.3 V)	2480	3.46		
	X 7	2402	2.74		
Tmin (-20°C)	Vmax (DC 4.2V)	2441	2.90	20	
	(DC 4.2 V)	2480 3.19			
	¥7	2402	2.70		
Tmin (-20°C)	Vmin (DC 3.3V)	2441	2.89	20	
	(DC 3.3 t)	2480	3.34		

Product	:	luetooth earphone	
Test Item	:	RF Output Power	
Test Mode	:	Mode 3: Transmit by 3DH1	

Test Co	nditions	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	
		2402	2.61		
Tnom (25°℃)	Vnom (DC 3.7V)	2441	2.83	20	
	(DC 3.7V)	2480	3.69		
	**	2402	2.72		
Tmax (45°C)	Vmax (DC 4.2V)	2441	3.03	20	
	(DC 4.2 V)	2480	3.55		
	** .	2402	2.77		
Tmax (45°C)	Vmin (DC 3.3V)	2441	3.11	20	
	(DC 3.3 V)	2480	3.50		
	**	2402	2.72		
Tmin (-20°C)	Vmax (DC 4.2V)	2441	3.01	20	
	(DC 4.2 V)	2480	3.21		
Tmin (-20°C)	**	2402	2.79		
	Vmin (DC 3.3V)	2441	2.85	20	
	(DC 3.3 V)	2480	3.35		

4.5. Receiver Category

Receiver Category 1: Adaptive equipment with a maximum RF output power greater than 10 dBm e.i.r.p. shall be considered as receiver category 1 equipment.

Receiver Category 2:Non-adaptive equipment with a Medium Utilization (MU) factor greater than 1 % and less than or equal to 10 % or adaptive equipment with a maximum RF output power of 10 dBm e.i.r.p. shall be considered as receiver category 2 equipment.

Receiver Category 3: Non-adaptive equipment with a maximum Medium Utilization (MU) factor of 1 % or adaptive equipment with a maximum RF output power of 0 dBm e.i.r.p. shall be considered as receiver category 3 equipment.

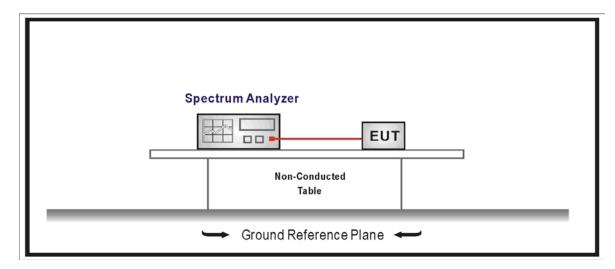
As this an adaptivity device with a maximum power of 3.01dBm, it belongs to recevier category 2.

5. DUTY CYCLE, TX-SEQUENCE, TX-GAP

5.1. Limit

For non-adaptive FHSS equipment, the Duty Cycle shall be equal to or less than the maximum value declared by the supplier. In addition, the maximum Tx-sequence time shall be 5 ms while the minimum Tx-gap time shall be 5 ms.

5.2. Test Setup



5.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.2

5.4. Test Result

These requirements apply to non-adaptive frequency hopping equipment or to adaptive frequency hopping equipment operating in a non-adaptive mode.

These requirements do not apply for equipment with a maximum declared RF Output power of less than 10dBm E.I.R.P. or for equipment when operating in a mode where the RF Output power is less than 10dBm E.I.R.P.

No applicable.

6. ACCUMULATED TRANSMIT TIME, FREQUENCY OCCUPATION AND HOPPING SEQUENCE

6.1. Limit

For non-adaptive frequency hopping systems

The Accumulated Transmit Time on any hopping frequency shall not be greater than 15 ms within any observation period of 15 ms multiplied by the minimum number of hopping frequencies (N) that have to be used.

In order for the equipment to comply with the Frequency Occupation requirement, it shall meet either of the following two options:

Option 1: Each hopping frequency of the hopping sequence shall be occupied at least once within a period not exceeding four times the product of the dwell time and the number of hopping frequencies in use.

Option 2: The occupation probability for each frequency shall be between $((1/U) \times 25\%)$ and 77% where U is the number of hopping frequencies in use.

The hopping sequence(s) shall contain at least N hopping frequencies where N is either 5 or the result of 15 MHz divided by the minimum Hopping Frequency Separation in MHz, whichever is the greater.

For adaptive frequency hopping systems

Adaptive Frequency Hopping systems shall be capable of operating over a minimum of 70 % of the band. The Accumulated Transmit Time on any hopping frequency shall not be greater than 400 ms within any observation period of 400 ms multiplied by the minimum number of hopping frequencies (N) that have to be used.

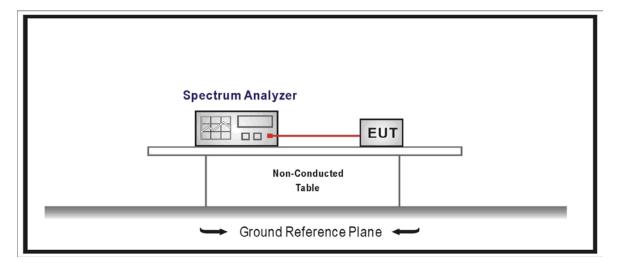
In order for the equipment to comply with the Frequency Occupation requirement, it shall meet either of the following two options:

Option 1: Each hopping frequency of the hopping sequence shall be occupied at least once within a period not exceeding four times the product of the dwell time and the number of hopping frequencies in use.

Option 2: The occupation probability for each frequency shall be between $((1 / U) \times 25 \%)$ and 77 % where U is the number of hopping frequencies in use.

The hopping sequence(s) shall contain at least N hopping frequencies at all times, where N is 15 or 15 divided by the minimum Hopping Frequency Separation in MHz, whichever is the greater.

6.2. Test Setup



6.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.4

Step 1:

- The output of the transmitter shall be connected to a spectrum analyzer or equivalent.
- The analyzer shall be set as follows:
- Centre Frequency: Equal to the hopping frequency being investigated
- Frequency Span: 0 Hz
- RBW: ~ 50 % of the Occupied Channel Bandwidth(we set RBW=500KHz)
- VBW: \geq RBW(we set RBW=1500KHz)
- Detector Mode: RMS
- Sweep time: Equal to the applicable observation period (we set $400 \text{ms} \times 79 = 31600 \text{ms}$)
- Number of sweep points: 30 000
- Trace mode: Clear / Write
- Trigger: Free Run

Step 2:

• Save the trace data to a file for further analysis by a computing device using an appropriate software application or program.

Step 3:

- Indentify the data points related to the frequency being investigated by applying a threshold. The data points resulting from transmissions on the hopping frequency being investigated are assumed to have much higher levels compared to data points resulting from transmissions on adjacent hopping frequencies. If a clear determination between these transmissions is not possible, the RBW in step 1 shall be further reduced. In addition, a channel filter may be used.
- Count the number of data points identified as resulting from transmissions on the frequency being investigated and multiply this number by the time difference between two consecutive data points.

Step 4:

• The result in step 3 is the Accumulated Transmit Time which shall comply with the limit provided in clause 4.3.1.4.3.1 or clause 4.3.1.4.3.2 and which shall be recorded in the test report.

Step 5:

• Make the following changes on the analyzer and repeat steps 2 and 3.

Sweep time: $4 \times Dwell Time \times Actual number of hopping frequencies in use$

The hopping frequencies occupied by the equipment without having transmissions during the dwell time (blacklisted frequencies) should be taken into account in the actual number of hopping frequencies in use. If this number cannot be determined (number of blacklisted frequencies unknown) it shall be assumed that the equipment uses the maximum possible number of hopping frequencies.

• The result shall be compared to the limit for the Frequency Occupation defined in clause 4.3.1.4.3.1 or clause 4.3.1.4.3.2. The result of this comparison shall be recorded in the test report.

Step 6:

• Make the following changes on the analyzer:

Start Frequency: 2 400 MHzStop Frequency: 2 483,5 MHz

- RBW: ~ 50 % of the Occupied Channel Bandwidth (single hop) (we set RBW=500KHz)

- VBW: \geq RBW (we set RBW=1500KHz)

- Detector Mode: RMS

- Sweep time: 1s

- Trace Mode: Max Hold

- Trigger: Free Run

- Wait for the trace to stabilize. Identify the number of hopping frequencies used by the hopping sequence.
- The result shall be compared to the limit (value N) defined in clause 4.3.1.4.3.1 or clause 4.3.1.4.3.2. This value shall be recorded in the test report. For equipment with blacklisted frequencies, it might not be possible to verify the number of hopping frequencies in use. However they shall comply with the requirement for Accumulated Transmit Time and Frequency Occupation assuming the minimum number of hopping frequencies (N) defined in clause 4.3.1.4.3.1 or clause 4.3.1.4.3.2 is used.

Step 7:

• For adaptive equipment, using the lowest and highest -20 dB points from the total spectrum envelope obtained in step 6, it shall be verified whether the equipment uses 70 % of the band specified in clause 1. The result shall be recorded in the test report.

6.4. Test Result

Product	:	Bluetooth headphone
Test Result	:	Pass

Accumulated Transmit Time

Doolyat	One Pulse time	Accumulated	Measure Time	Limit	Conclusion	
Packet	(ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	(ms)	Limit		
DH1	0.50	122.15				
DH3	1.58	242.02	31600	<400ms	PASS	
DH5	2.86	317.95				
Remark: Only record the worst data.						

Min. Frequency Occupation Time

Mode	Min. frequency occupation Time(ms)	Measure Time (ms)	Conclusion	
DH1	0.30	119.97	PASS	
DH3	3.19	511.92	PASS	
DH5	11.46	899.90	PASS	
Remark: Only record the worst data.				

Hopping Channel & Hopping Sequence

Mode	Number of hopping channel	Limit	Conclusion	
GFSK	79	>15	PASS	
Mode	Hopping Sequence(%)	Limit	Conclusion	
GFSK 95.50% >70% PASS				
Remark: Only record the worst data.				

7. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION

7.1. Limit

For non-adaptive equipment

For non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment, the Hopping Frequency Separation shall be equal or greater than the Occupied Channel Bandwidth, with a minimum separation of 100 kHz.

For equipment with a maximum declared RF Output power level of less than 10 dBm e.i.r.p. or for non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment operating in a mode where the RF Output power is less than 10 dBm e.i.r.p. only the minimum Hopping Frequency Separation of 100 kHz applies.

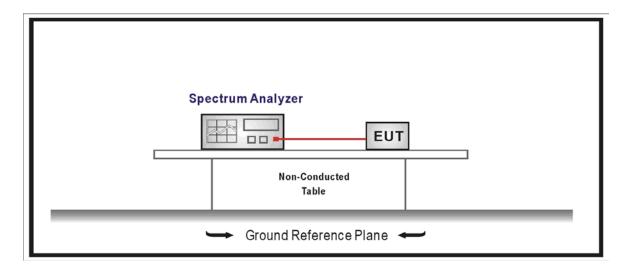
For adaptive equipment

For adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment, the minimum Hopping Frequency Separation shall be 100 kHz.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment, which for one or more hopping frequencies, has switched to a non-adaptive mode because interference was detected on all these hopping positions with a level above the threshold level defined in clause 4.3.1.7.2.2 or clause 4.3.1.7.3.2, is allowed to continue to operate with a minimum Hopping Frequency Separation of 100 kHz on these hopping frequencies as long as the interference is present on these frequencies. The equipment shall continue to operate in an adaptive mode on other hopping frequencies.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment which decided to operate in a non-adaptive mode on one or more hopping frequencies without the presence of interference, shall comply with the limit in clause 4.3.1.5.3.1 for these hopping frequencies as well as with all other requirements applicable to non-adaptive frequency hopping equipment.

7.2. Test Setup



7.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.5

The analyzer was setting as follow:

- Centre Frequency: Centre of the two adjacent hopping frequencies

- Frequency Span: Sufficient to see the complete power envelope of both hopping frequencies

- RBW: 1 % of the span (we set RBW=30KHz)

- VBW: $3 \times RBW$ (we set VBW=100KHz)

Detector Mode: RMSTrace Mode: Max Hold

- Sweep time: 1s

7.4. Test Result

Product	:	Bluetooth headphone	
Test Item	:	Hopping Frequency Separation	
Test Result	:	Pass	

Mode	Result (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Conclusion
DH1	1.02	>=0.1	
2DH1	1.02	>=0.1	PASS
3DH1	1.02	>=0.1	

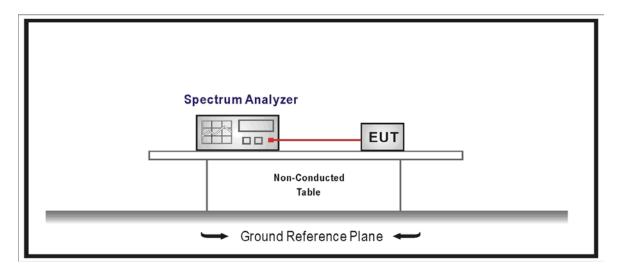
8. MEDIUM UTILISATION (MU) FACTOR

8.1. Limit

For non-adaptive equipment

The maximum Medium Utilization factor for non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment shall be 10 %.

8.2. Test Setup



8.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.2

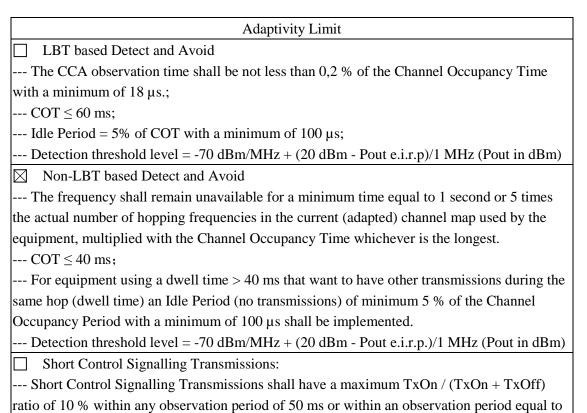
8.4. Test Result

This requirement does not apply to adaptive equipment unless operating in a non-adaptive mode. In addition, this requirement does not apply for equipment with a maximum declared RF Output power level of less than 10dBm E.I.R.P. or for equipment when operating in a mode where the RF Output power is less than 10dBm E.I.R.P.

No applicable.

9. ADAPTIVITY (ADAPTIVE FREQUENCY HOPPING)

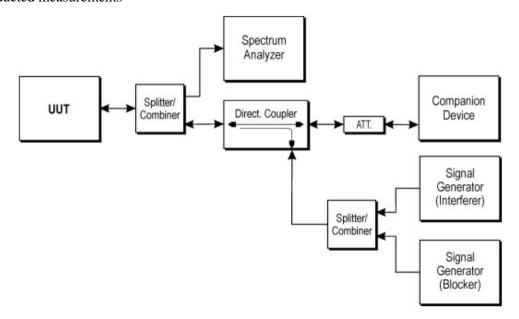
9.1. Limit



9.2. Test Setup

Conducted measurements

the dwell time, whichever is the shorter.



9.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.6

9.4. Test Result

This requirement does not apply to non-adaptive equipment or adaptive equipment operating in a non-adaptive mode providing the equipment complies with the requirements and/or restrictions applicable to non-adaptive equipment.

In addition, this requirement does not apply for equipment with a maximum declared RF Output power level of less than 10dBm E.I.R.P. or for equipment when operating in a mode where the RF Output power is less than 10dBm E.I.R.P.

No applicable.

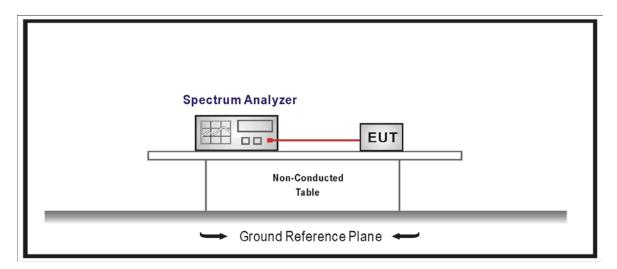
10. OCCUPIED CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

10.1. Limit

The Occupied Channel Bandwidth for each hopping frequency shall fall completely within the band 2.4GHz to 2.4835GHz.

For non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment with E.I.R.P greater than 10dBm, the Occupied Channel Bandwidth for every occupied hopping frequency shall be equal to or less than the value declared by the supplier. This declared value shall not be greater than 5 MHz.

10.2. Test Setup



10.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.7

Step 1:

Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyser and use the following settings:

- Centre Frequency: The centre frequency of the channel under test
- Resolution BW: ~ 1 % of the span without going below 1 % (We set RBW=20KHz)
- Video BW: $3 \times RBW$ (We set VBW=60KHz)
- Frequency Span: 2 × Occupied Channel Bandwidth (We set Span=2MHz)
- Detector Mode: RMSTrace Mode: Max Hold

Step 2:

Wait until the trace is completed. Find the peak value of the trace and place the analyser marker on this peak.

Step 3:

Use the 99 % bandwidth function of the spectrum analyser to measure the Occupied Channel Bandwidth of the UUT. This value shall be recorded.

10.4. Test Result

Product	:	Bluetooth headphone	
Test Item	:	ccupied Channel Bandwidth	
Test Mode	:	Mode 1: Transmit by DH1	

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit
00	2402	0.88	Within the band
79	2480	0.88	2400.0MHz~2483.5MHz

Product	:	uetooth earphone	
Test Item	:	Occupied Channel Bandwidth	
Test Mode	:	Mode 2: Transmit by 2DH1	

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit
00	2402	1.12	Within the band
79	2480	1.12	2400.0MHz~2483.5MHz

Product	:	luetooth earphone	
Test Item	:	cupied Channel Bandwidth	
Test Mode	:	Mode 3: Transmit by 3DH1	

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit
00	2402	1.23	Within the band
79	2480	1.23	2400.0MHz~2483.5MHz

Test Result	:	Pass
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11. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE OUT-OF-BAND

DOMAIN

11.1. Limit

The transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain but outside the allocated band, shall not exceed the values provided by the mask in figure 1.

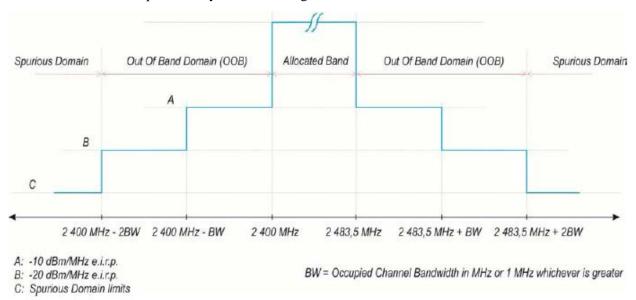
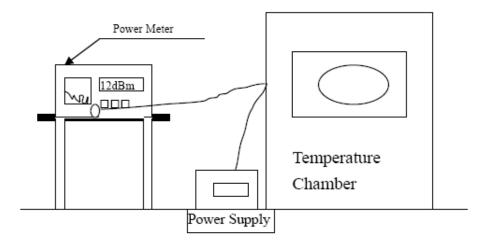


Figure 1: Transmit mask

11.2. Test Setup

For Conducted Measurement



11.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.8

Step 1:

• Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyser and use the following settings:

- Centre Frequency: 2 484 MHz

- Span: 0 Hz

Resolution BW: 1 MHzFilter mode: Channel filter

Video BW: 3 MHzDetector Mode: RMSTrace Mode: Clear / WriteSweep Mode: Continuous

- Sweep Points: Sweep Time [s] / (1 µs) or 5 000 whichever is greater

- Trigger Mode: Video trigger

NOTE 1: In case video triggering is not possible, an external trigger source may be used.

- Sweep Time: > 120 % of the duration of the longest burst detected during the measurement of the RF Output Power

Step 2: (segment 2 483,5 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz + BW)

- Adjust the trigger level to select the transmissions with the highest power level.
- For frequency hopping equipment operating in a normal hopping mode, the different hops will result in signal bursts with different power levels. In this case the burst with the highest power level shall be selected.
- Set a window (start and stop lines) to match with the start and end of the burst and in which the RMS power shall be measured using the Time Domain Power function.
- Select RMS power to be measured within the selected window and note the result which is the RMS power within this 1 MHz segment (2 483,5 MHz to 2 484,5 MHz). Compare this value with the applicable limit provided by the mask.
- Increase the centre frequency in steps of 1 MHz and repeat this measurement for every 1 MHz segment within the range 2 483,5 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz + BW. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 483,5 MHz + BW 0,5 MHz (which means this may partly overlap with the previous 1 MHz segment).

Step 3: (segment 2 483,5 MHz + BW to 2 483,5 MHz + 2BW)

• Change the centre frequency of the analyser to 2 484 MHz + BW and perform the measurement for the first 1 MHz segment within range 2 483,5 MHz + BW to 2 483,5 MHz + 2BW. Increase the centre frequency in 1 MHz steps and repeat the measurements to cover this whole range. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 483,5 MHz + 2 BW - 0,5 MHz.

Step 4: (segment 2 400 MHz - BW to 2 400 MHz)

 \bullet Change the centre frequency of the analyser to 2 399,5 MHz and perform the measurement for the first 1 MHz segment within range 2 400 MHz - BW to 2 400 MHz Reduce the centre frequency in 1 MHz steps and repeat the measurements to cover this whole range. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 400 MHz - 2BW + 0,5 MHz.

Step 5: (segment 2 400 MHz - 2BW to 2 400 MHz - BW)

• Change the centre frequency of the analyser to 2 399,5 MHz - BW and perform the measurement for the first 1 MHz segment within range 2 400 MHz - 2BW to 2 400 MHz - BW. Reduce the centre frequency in 1 MHz steps and repeat the measurements to cover this whole range. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 400 MHz - 2BW + 0,5 MHz.

Step 6:

- In case of conducted measurements on equipment with a single transmit chain, the declared antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi shall be added to the results for each of the 1 MHz segments and compared with the limits provided by the mask given in figures 1 or 3. If more than one antenna assembly is intended for this power setting, the antenna with the highest gain shall be considered.
- In case of conducted measurements on smart antenna systems (equipment with multiple transmit chains), the measurements need to be repeated for each of the active transmit chains. The declared antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi for a single antenna shall be added to these results. If more than one antenna assembly is intended for this power setting, the antenna with the highest gain shall be considered. Comparison with the applicable limits shall be done using any of the options given below:
- Option 1: the results for each of the transmit chains for the corresponding 1 MHz segments shall be added. The additional beamforming gain "Y" in dB shall be added as well and the resulting values compared with the limits provided by the mask given in figures 1 or 3.
- Option 2: the limits provided by the mask given in figures 1 or 3 shall be reduced by 10 x log10(Ach) and the additional beamforming gain "Y" in dB. The results for each of the transmit chains shall be individually compared with these reduced limits.

NOTE 2: Ach refers to the number of active transmit chains.

It shall be recorded whether the equipment complies with the mask provided in figures 1 or 3.

11.5. Test Result

Product	:	Bluetooth headphone	
Test Item	:	Transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain	
Test Mode : Mode 1: Transmit by DH1		Mode 1: Transmit by DH1	
Remark: Only record the worst data.			

Frequency (MHz)	Test Conditions (°C)	Max measured Values (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)
2400–2BW~ 2400-BW	25	-66.21	-20
2400-BW~2400	25	-68.36	-10
2483.5~ 2483.5+BW	25	-66.75	-10
2483.5+BW~ 2483.5+2BW	25	-67.26	-20

Note: All modulations of EUT have been tested and only record the worst data in the report.

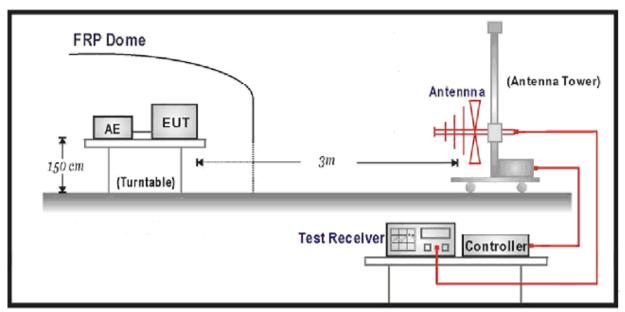
12. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE SPURIOUS DOMAIN

12.1. Limit

Tran	Transmitter Limits for Spurious Emissions						
	Maximum power						
Frequency Range	E.R.P. (≤ 1GHz)	Bandwidth					
	E.I.R.P. (> 1GHz)						
30 MHz to 47 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz					
47 MHz to 74 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz					
74 MHz to 87,5 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz					
87,5 MHz to 118 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz					
118 MHz to 174 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz					
174 MHz to 230 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz					
230 MHz to 470 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz					
470 MHz to 862 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz					
862 MHz to 1 GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz					
1 GHz to 12,75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz					

12.2. Test Setup

For Radiated Measurement



12.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.9

Step 1:

The sensitivity of the spectrum analyser should be such that the noise floor is at least 12 dB below the limits given in tables 1 or 4.

Step 2:

The emissions over the range 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz shall be identified.

Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHzVideo bandwidth: 300 kHz

Detector mode: Peak
Trace Mode: Max Hold
Sweep Points: ≥ 19400

NOTE 1: For spectrum analysers not supporting this high number of sweep points, the frequency band may need to be segmented.

• Sweep time: For non continuous transmissions (duty cycle less than 100 %), the sweep time shall be sufficiently long, such that for each 100 kHz frequency step, the measurement time is greater than two transmissions of the UUT. For Frequency Hopping equipment operating in a normal operating (hopping not disabled) mode, the sweep time shall be further increased to capture multiple transmissions on the same hopping frequency in different hopping sequences. Allow the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified during the sweeps above and that fall within the 6 dB range below the applicable limit or above, shall be individually measured using the procedure in clause 5.3.10.2.1.3 and compared to the limits given in tables 1 or 4.

Step 3:

The emissions over the range 1 GHz to 12,75 GHz shall be identified.

Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth: 1 MHz
Video bandwidth: 3 MHz

Detector mode: Peak
Trace Mode: Max Hold
Sweep Points: > 23500

NOTE 2: For spectrum analysers not supporting this high number of sweep points, the frequency band may need to be segmented.

• Sweep time: For non continuous transmissions (duty cycle less than 100 %), the sweep time shall be sufficiently long, such that for each 1 MHz frequency step, the measurement time is greater than two transmissions of the UUT.

12.4. Test Result

Product	:	Bluetooth headphone	
Test Item	:	Transmitter spurious emissions(Radiated Measurement)	
Test Mode	:	Mode 1: Transmit by DH1	

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (H/V)	Measure Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Detector		
(11222)	Channel 0 (2402MHz)						
245.39	Н	-50.81	-36.00	-14.81	PK		
202.47	V	-67.04	-54.00	-13.04	PK		
911.50	Н	-49.55	-36.00	-13.55	PK		
933.61	V	-49.94	-36.00	-13.94	PK		
4804.03	Н	-41.04	-30.00	-11.04	PK		
4804.03	V	-44.07	-30.00	-14.07	PK		
7206.03	Н	-40.51	-30.00	-10.51	PK		
7205.98	V	-43.82	-30.00	-13.82	PK		
		Channel 78 (24	180MHz)				
331.45	Н	-46.63	-36.00	-10.63	PK		
223.54	V	-66.22	-54.00	-12.22	PK		
899.65	Н	-47.47	-36.00	-11.47	PK		
807.48	V	-66.54	-54.00	-12.54	PK		
4960.02	Н	-40.88	-30.00	-10.88	PK		
4960.03	V	-40.99	-30.00	-10.99	PK		
7440.02	Н	-43.61	-30.00	-13.61	PK		
7440.00	V	-43.44	-30.00	-13.44	PK		

Product	:	Bluetooth headphone
Test Item	Transmitter spurious emissions (Conducted Measurement)	
Test Mode	:	Mode 1: Transmit by DH1

Frequency(MHz)	Measure Level(dBm)	e Level(dBm) Limit(dBm)		Detector					
Channel 0 (2402MHz)									
422.39	-46.16	-36.00	-10.16	PK					
887.69	-46.05	-36.00	-10.05	PK					
4804.01	-40.23	-30.00	-10.23	PK					
7206.03	-40.31	-30.00	-10.31	PK					
	Channe	el 78 (2480MHz)							
356.87	-50.48	-36.00	-14.48	PK					
899.69	-49.54	-36.00	-13.54	PK					
4960.00	4960.00 -41.90		-11.90	PK					
7439.99	-42.67	-30.00	-12.67	PK					

Note: All modulations of EUT have been tested and only record the worst data in the report.

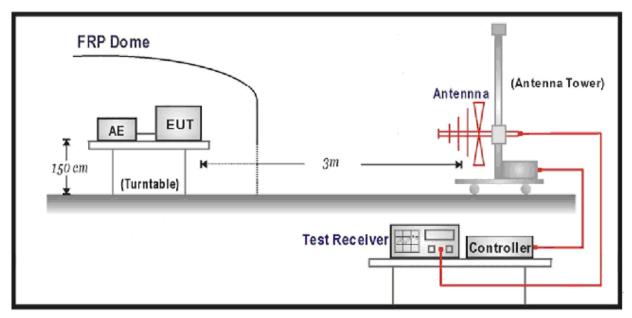
13. RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

13.1. Limit

Spurious emissions limits for receivers								
	Maximum power	Measurement bandwidth						
Frequency Range	E.R.P. (≤ 1GHz)							
	E.I.R.P. (> 1GHz)							
30 MHz to 1 GHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz						
1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	-47 dBm	1 MHz						

13.2. Test Setup

For Radiated Measurement



13.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.10

Step 1:

The sensitivity of the spectrum analyser should be such that the noise floor is at least 12 dB below the limits given in tables 2 or 5.

Step 2:

The emissions over the range 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz shall be identified.

Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHzVideo bandwidth: 300 kHz

Detector mode: Peak
Trace Mode: Max Hold
Sweep Points: ≥ 19400
Sweep time: Auto

Allow the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified during the sweeps above and that fall within the 6 dB range below the applicable limit or above, shall be individually measured using the procedure in clause 5.4.10.2.1.3 and compared to the limits given in tables 2 or 5.

Step 3:

The emissions over the range 1 GHz to 12,75 GHz shall be identified.

Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth: 1 MHzVideo bandwidth: 3 MHz

Detector mode: Peak
Trace Mode: Max Hold
Sweep Points: ≥ 23500

• Sweep time: Auto

Allow the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified during the sweeps above that fall within the 6 dB range below the applicable limit or above, shall be individually measured using the procedure in clause 5.4.10.2.1.3 and compared to the limits given in tables 2 or 5. Frequency Hopping equipment may generate a block (or several blocks) of spurious emissions anywhere within the spurious domain. If this is the case, only the highest peak of each block of emissions shall be measured using the procedure in clause 5.4.10.2.1.3.

Step 4:

• In case of conducted measurements on smart antenna systems (equipment with multiple receive chains), the steps 2 and 3 need to be repeated for each of the active receive chains (Ach). The limits used to identify emissions during this pre-scan need to be reduced with $10 \times log10$ (Ach) (number of active receive chains).

13.4. Test Result

Product	:	Bluetooth headphone
Test Item	:	Receiver spurious emissions (Radiated Measurement)
Test Mode	:	Mode 4: Receive by DH1

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (H/V)	Measure Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Detector				
Channel 0 (2402MHz)									
186.35	186.35 H -69.86 -57.00 -12.86 PK								
144.00	V	-71.61	-57.00	-14.61	PK				
977.73	Н	-68.21	-57.00	-11.21	PK				
917.16	V	-68.44	-57.00	-11.44	PK				
1622.53	Н	-60.21	-47.00	-13.21	PK				
1375.24	V	-60.43	-47.00	-13.43	PK				
2875.71	Н	-59.44	-47.00	-12.44	PK				
2765.40	V	-58.73	-47.00	-11.73	PK				
		Channel 78 (24	180MHz)						
203.47	Н	-67.10	-57.00	-10.10	PK				
201.06	V	-70.63	-57.00	-13.63	PK				
900.09	Н	-71.45	-57.00	-14.45	PK				
820.92	V	-70.03	-57.00	-13.03	PK				
1408.21	Н	-60.49	-47.00	-13.49	PK				
1338.53	V	-61.37	-47.00	-14.37	PK				
2676.93	Н	-61.99	-47.00	-14.99	PK				
2628.05	V	-60.41	-47.00	-13.41	PK				

Product	••	luetooth earphone					
Test Item	est Item : Receiver spurious emissions (Conducted Measurement)						
Test Mode	:	Mode 3: Receive by DH1					

Frequency(MHz)	Measure Level(dBm)	re Level(dBm) Limit(dBm)		Detector					
Channel 0 (2402MHz)									
258.21	-70.95	-57.00	-13.95	PK					
964.76	-68.44	-57.00	-11.44	PK					
1828.68	-59.90	-47.00	-12.90	PK					
2871.16	-60.87	-47.00	-13.87	PK					
	Channe	el 78 (2480MHz)							
133.30	-70.09	-57.00	-13.09	PK					
998.33	-67.22	-57.00	-10.22	PK					
1366.19	1366.19 -60.97		-13.97	PK					
2766.17	-59.66	-47.00	-12.66	PK					

Note: All modulations of EUT have been tested and only record the worst data in the report.

14. RECEIVER BLOCKING

14.1. Limit

Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment shall comply with the requirements defined in clause 4.3.1.12.4 The minimum performance criterion shall be a PER less than or equal to 10 %.

Table 6: Receiver Blocking parameters for Receiver Category 1 equipment

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 2)	Type of blocking signal
P _{min} + 6 dB	2 380 2 503,5	-53	CW
P _{min} + 6 dB	2 300 2 330 2 360	-47	CW
P _{min} + 6 dB	2 523,5 2 553,5 2 583,5 2 613,5 2 643,5 2 673,5	-47	CW

NOTE 1: P_{min} is the minimum level of wanted signal (in dBm) required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.

NOTE 2: The levels specified are levels in front of the UUT antenna. In case of conducted measurements, the levels have to be corrected by the actual antenna assembly gain.

Table 7: Receiver Blocking parameters receiver category 2 equipment

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 2)	Type of blocking signal
P _{min} + 6 dB	2 380 2 503,5	-57	CW
P _{min} + 6 dB	2 300 2 583,5	-47	CW

NOTE 1: P_{min} is the minimum level of the wanted signal (in dBm) required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.

NOTE 2: The levels specified are levels in front of the UUT antenna. In case of conducted measurements, the levels have to be corrected by the actual antenna assembly gain.

Table 8: Receiver Blocking parameters receiver category 3 equipment

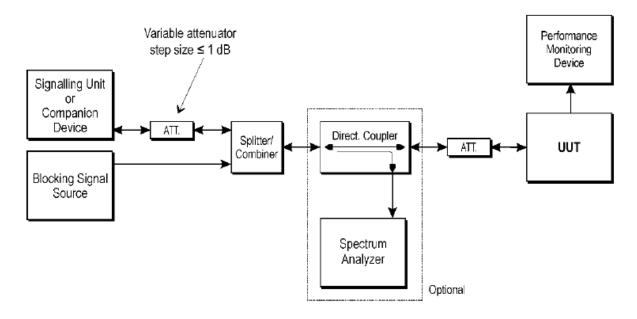
Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 2)	Type of blocking signal
P _{min} + 12 dB	2 380 2 503,5	-57	CW
P _{min} + 12 dB	2 300 2 583,5	-47	CW

NOTE 1: P_{min} is the minimum level of the wanted signal (in dBm) required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.

NOTE 2: The levels specified are levels in front of the UUT antenna. In case of conducted measurements, the levels have to be corrected by the actual antenna assembly gain.

14.2. Test Setup

Conducted measurements



14.3. Test Procedure

Step 1:

- For non-frequency hopping equipment, the UUT shall be set to the lowest operating channel. Step 2:
- The blocking signal generator is set to the first frequency as defined in the appropriate table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

Step 3:

- With the blocking signal generator switched off, a communication link is established between the UUT and the associated companion device using the test setup shown in figure 6. The attenuation of the variable attenuator shall be increased in 1 dB steps to a value at which the minimum performance criteria as specified in clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3 is still met. The resulting level for the wanted signal at the input of the UUT is Pmin.
- This signal level (Pmin) is increased by the value provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

Step 4:

• The blocking signal at the UUT is set to the level provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment. It shall be verified and recorded in the test report that the performance criteria as specified in clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3 is met.

Step 5:

- Repeat step 4 for each remaining combination of frequency and level for the blocking signal as provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

 Step 6:
- For non-frequency hopping equipment, repeat step 2 to step 5 with the UUT operating at the highest operating channel.

14.4. Test Result

Test Condition	Test Mode	Test Channel	Ant	Pmin[dBm]	Wanted signal Level[dBm] (Pmin +6dB)	Blocking signal [dBm]	Freq [MHz]	CW Level [dBm]	PER [%]	Limit [%]	Verdict
TNVN	DH1	2402	Ant1	-85.59	-79.59	-54.73	2380	-57	5.65	<=10	PASS
TNVN	DH1	2402	Ant1	-85.59	-79.59	-54.62	2503.5	-57	6.60	<=10	PASS
TNVN	DH1	2402	Ant1	-85.59	-79.59	-45.86	2583.5	-47	5.34	<=10	PASS
TNVN	DH1	2402	Ant1	-85.59	-79.59	-45.33	2300	-47	6.49	<=10	PASS
TNVN	DH1	2480	Ant1	-80.16	-74.16	-45.11	2300	-47	3.99	<=10	PASS
TNVN	DH1	2480	Ant1	-80.16	-74.16	-54.17	2380	-57	5.23	<=10	PASS
TNVN	DH1	2480	Ant1	-80.16	-74.16	-54.98	2503.5	-57	4.59	<=10	PASS
TNVN	DH1	2480	Ant1	-80.16	-74.16	-45.11	2583.5	-47	4.79	<=10	PASS
TNVN	2DH1	2402	Ant1	-82.27	-76.27	-45.16	2583.5	-47	8.38	<=10	PASS
TNVN	2DH1	2402	Ant1	-82.27	-76.27	-45.28	2300	-47	3.75	<=10	PASS
TNVN	2DH1	2402	Ant1	-82.27	-76.27	-54.32	2380	-57	4.94	<=10	PASS
TNVN	2DH1	2402	Ant1	-82.27	-76.27	-54.06	2503.5	-57	6.61	<=10	PASS
TNVN	2DH1	2480	Ant1	-72.16	-66.16	-45.26	2583.5	-47	2.26	<=10	PASS

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TNVN	2DH1	2480	Ant1	-72.16	-66.16	-45.32	2300	-47	3.06	<=10	PASS
TNVN	2DH1	2480	Ant1	-72.16	-66.16	-54.33	2380	-57	4.38	<=10	PASS
TNVN	2DH1	2480	Ant1	-72.16	-66.16	-54.16	2503.5	-57	2.90	<=10	PASS
TNVN	3DH1	2402	Ant1	-74.25	-68.25	-54.11	2380	-57	1.57	<=10	PASS
TNVN	3DH1	2402	Ant1	-74.25	-68.25	-54.41	2503.5	-57	1.78	<=10	PASS
TNVN	3DH1	2402	Ant1	-74.25	-68.25	-45.02	2583.5	-47	3.60	<=10	PASS
TNVN	3DH1	2402	Ant1	-74.25	-68.25	-45.13	2300	-47	3.51	<=10	PASS
TNVN	3DH1	2480	Ant1	-75.34	-69.34	-45.16	2300	-47	2.68	<=10	PASS
TNVN	3DH1	2480	Ant1	-75.34	-69.34	-54.34	2380	-57	1.73	<=10	PASS
TNVN	3DH1	2480	Ant1	-75.34	-69.34	-54.46	2503.5	-57	3.58	<=10	PASS
TNVN	3DH1	2480	Ant1	-75.34	-69.34	-45.17	2583.5	-47	1.41	<=10	PASS

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15.TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS



Fig.1

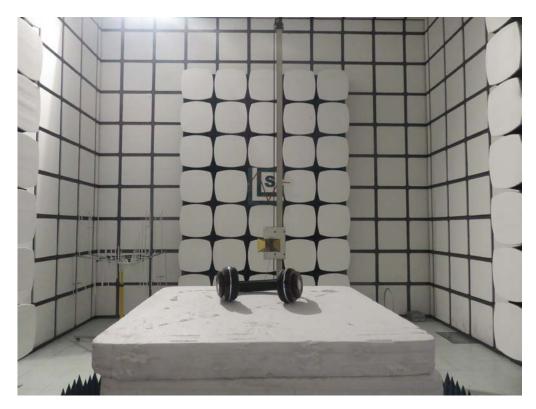


Fig.2

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