

# Omâda

# **User Guide**

# For TP-Link Omada Access Points

1910012995 REV4.7.0 July 2021

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# **About This User Guide**

When using this guide, notice that features available in the EAP may vary by model and software version. Availability of the EAP may also vary by region or ISP. All images, steps, and descriptions in this guide are only examples and may not reflect your actual experience.

Some models featured in this guide may be unavailable in your country or region. For local sales information, visit https://www.tp-link.com.

The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Every effort has been made in the preparation of this document to ensure the accuracy of the contents, but all statements, information, and recommendations in this document do not constitute the warranty of any kind, express or implied. Users must take full responsibility for their application of any product.

#### Conventions

Unless otherwise noted, the introduction in this guide takes EAP245 as an example.

#### Wireless Speed, Range and Connected Devices Disclaimer

Maximum wireless transmission rates are the physical rates derived from IEEE Standard 802.11 specifications. Range and coverage specifications along with the number of connected devices were defined according to test results under normal usage conditions. Actual wireless transmission rate, wireless coverage, and number of connected devices are not guaranteed, and will vary as a result of 1) environmental factors, including building materials, physical objects and obstacles, 2) network conditions, including local interference, volume and density of traffic, product location, network complexity, and network overhead and 3) client limitations, including rated performance, location, connection quality, and client condition.

#### MU-MIMO Disclaimer (for EAPs that support MU-MIMO)

MU-MIMO capability requires client devices that also support MU-MIMO.

#### Seamless Roaming Disclaimer (for EAPs that support Seamless Roaming)

Seamless roaming requires both the access point and client devices to support 802.11k and 802.11v protocols.

#### Lightning and Electro-Static Discharge Protection Disclaimer (for Outdoor EAPs)

Protection against lightning and electro-static discharge may be achieved through proper product setup, grounding and cable shielding. Refer to the instruction manual and consult an IT professional to assist with setting up this product.

#### More Info

Some models featured in this guide may be unavailable in your country or region. For local sales information, visit https://www.tp-link.com.

For technical support, latest software, and management app, visit https://www.tp-link.com/support.

The Quick Installation Guide can be found where you find this guide or inside the package of the EAP.

The authentication information can be found where you find this guide.

Specifications can be found on the product page at https://www.tp-link.com.

To ask questions, find answers, and communicate with TP-Link users or engineers, please visit https://community.tp-link.com to join TP-Link Community.

If you have any suggestions or needs on the product guides, welcome to email techwriter@tp-link.com.cn.

## **Overview**

Omada series products provide wireless coverage solutions for small-medium business and households. They can either work independently as standalone APs or be centrally managed by Omada Software Controller, Omada Hardware Controller (OC200/OC300), or Omada Cloud-Based Controller, providing a flexible, richly-functional but easily configured wireless network for small-medium business and households.

# **1** Quick Start

This chapter introduces how to build a wireless network using the EAPs and how to complete the basic settings. Follow the steps below:

- 1.1 Determine the Management Method
- 1.2 Connect Network Devices
- 1.3 Log in to the EAP and Change the SSID
- 1.4 Configure and Manage the EAP

### **1.1 Determine the Management Method**

Before building your network, choose a proper method to manage your EAPs. You have the following two options:

#### Controller Mode

If you want to manage a large-scale network centrally, choose Controller Mode. In Controller Mode, you can configure and monitor mass EAPs, switches, and gateways via Omada SDN Controller. For detailed instructions, go to the <u>Support Webpage of Omada</u> <u>Controller</u> and download the User Guide.

#### Standalone Mode

If you want to manage only a few EAPs, choose Standalone Mode. In Standalone Mode, you can singly configure and monitor your EAPs via Omada APP or a web browser, and each EAP has its own management page.

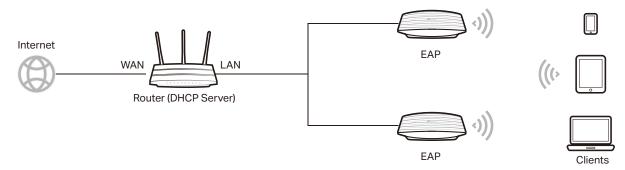
This chapter introduces how to start configuring the EAP in Standalone Mode.

#### Note:

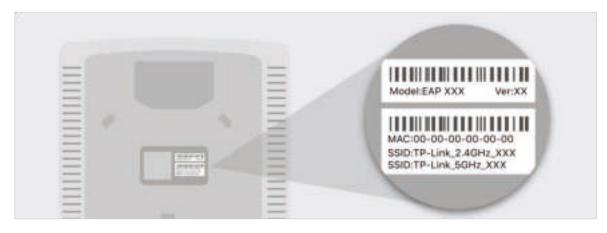
- Standalone Mode is inaccessible while the EAP is managed by a controller. To turn the EAP back to Standalone Mode, you can forget the EAP on the controller or reset the EAP.
- To make your EAPs discovered by the controller, you need to configure 5.2 Controller Settings in certain scenarios.

## **1.2 Connect Network Devices**

To connect your EAPs to the local network, refer to the following topology.



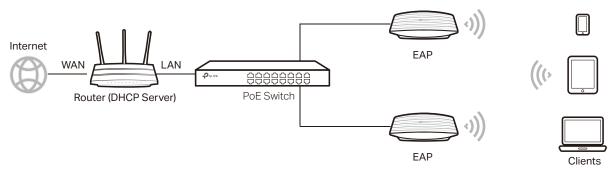
- 1. Connect the WAN port (or Internet port) of the router to the internet.
- 2. Connect your EAPs to the LAN port of the router.
- 3. Connect your wireless clients such as phones, tablets and laptops to the WiFi of the EAP. The default SSID is printed at the bottom of the EAP.



Now you can surf the internet on your phones, tablets and laptops. If you cannot access the internet, follow the <u>FAQ</u> to troubleshoot the problem.

#### Tips:

• If you want to power your EAPs using a PoE switch, refer to the following topology.



- The router is the gateway of the network, and devices in the LAN surf the internet via the router. At the same time, the router acts as a DHCP server to assign dynamic IP addresses to the EAPs and clients.
- The dual-band EAP has two default SSIDs named TP-Link\_2.4GHz\_XXXXXX on the 2.4GHz band and TP-Link\_5GHz\_XXXXXX on the 5GHz band, and the single-band EAP has a default SSID named TP-Link\_2.4GHz\_XXXXXX on the 2.4GHz band.

## 1.3 Log in to the EAP and Change the SSID

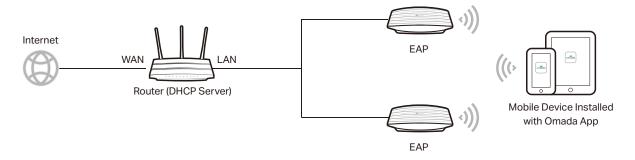
By default, anyone can connect to the WiFi of EAP without authentication, because the default SSID has no password. For security purposes, we recommend changing the default SSID.

Log in to the EAP before changing the default SSID. You can use either Omada App on your mobile device or the web browser on your PC. Choose a method from the following sections and follow the instructions.

#### Tips:

- Only one user is allowed to log in to the EAP at one time.
- Omada app is designed to help you quickly configure some basic settings. To configure advanced functions, use the web browser on your PC.
- Omada app is only compatible with certain firmware versions of the EAP. To check the firmware versions of the supported EAPs, please refer to https://www.tp-link.com/omada compatibility\_ <u>list</u>.

#### Using Omada App on Your Mobile Device

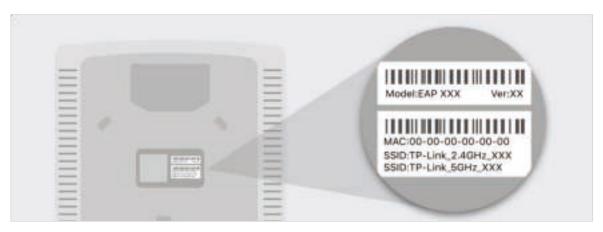


1. To install Omada App, launch the Apple App Store (iOS) or Google Play store (Android) and search "TP-Link Omada" or simply scan the QR code to download and install the app.

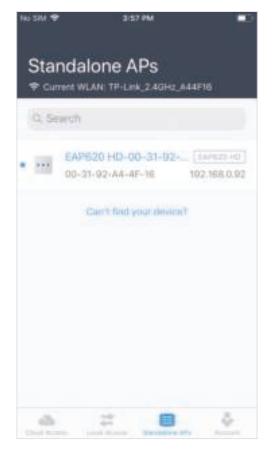


Download Omada App

2. Connect your mobile device to the WiFi of the EAP. The default SSID is printed at the bottom of the EAP.



3. Launch the Omada app, tap **Standalone APs** and wait for the EAP to be discovered.



#### Tips:

All the EAPs in the same subnet will be discovered by Omada app and shown on the page.

4. Tap on the EAP appearing on the page. Set a new username and password for your login account of the EAP.



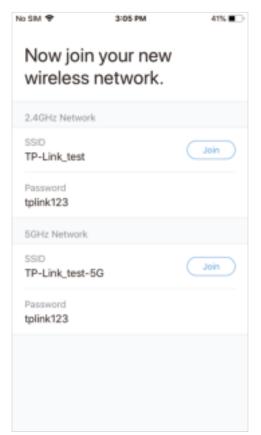
5. Change the SSID and password to keep your wireless network secure. Tap Next.



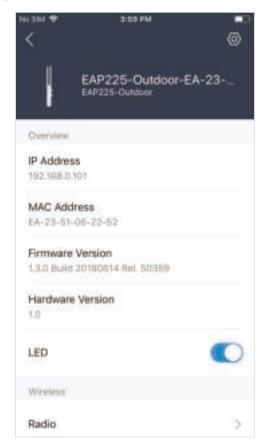
6. Confirm the settings in the summary page. Tap Next, and the settings will take effect in several minutes.

No SIM 🗢	3:04 PM	41% 🔳 🔿
<		Next
Summary	/	
Device Account		
Username admin		
Password tplink123		
2.4GHz Network		
SSID TP-Link_test		
Password tplink123		
5GHz Network		
SSID TP-Link_test-50	G	
Password tplink123		

7. To join your new wireless network, select the SSID and tap **Join**.

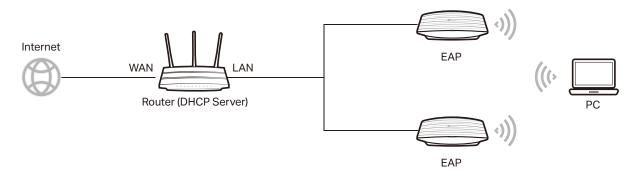


8. Tap **Continue** to go to the managment page. In this page, you can view the information and settings of the EAP. If you want to change the settings incuding radio, SSID and device account, tap **I**.



Now you can connect your phones, tablets and laptops to the new WiFi. If you cannot access the internet, follow the <u>FAQ</u> to troubleshoot the problem.

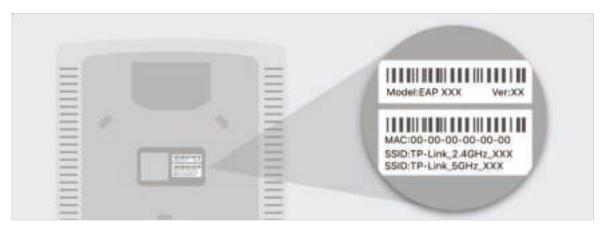
#### Using Web Browser on Your PC and Connecting to the WiFi



1. Set your PC to obtain an IP address automatically.

	Alternate Configuration			NECT 122	
this cap	nget IP settings assigned a ability. Otherwise, you ne appropriate IP settings.				
0 0	otain an IP address automa	stically			
04	ge the following JP address	t :-			
$\mathbb{P}^{n}$	didreos:	1.0	1.0	- 20	
:540	wit mieski	1.0	14	1	
(Def)	(if: goteway)	14	545		
	gtain DNS server address a	utomatically			
04	se the following DNS server	addresses			
But	mont LEES strong		1.81		
₫tm	mete DRE swywr:			2	
Ely	ajjdate settings upon exit:			Ady	anced

2. Connect your PC to the WiFi of the EAP. The default SSID is printed at the bottom of the EAP.



3. Make sure that your PC has got the IP address, default gateway, and DNS server from the DHCP server.

Property	Value
Connection-specific DN	
Description	Qualcomm Atheros AR8151 PCI-E Gigab
Physical Address	50-E5-49-1C-40-B3
DHCP Enabled	Yes
IPv4 Address	192.168.0.100
IPv4 Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Lease Obtained	Wednesday, April 11, 2018 9:52:59 AM
Lease Expires	Wednesday, April 11, 2018 2:57:25 PM
IPv4 Default Gateway	192.168.0.1
IPv4 DHCP Server	192.168.0.1
IPv4 DNS Server	192.168.0.1
IPv4 WINS Server	201
NetBIOS over Tcpip En	Yes
<	

4. To log in to the EAP, launch a web browser and enter http://tplinkeap.net in the address bar. The login page will appear. By default, both the username and password are admin.

Ptp-link   EAP245	
🕹 🛛 admin	
â ·····	0
LOGIN	

5. After logging in to the EAP, follow the step-by-step instructions to complete the basic configurations. In the pop-up window, configure a new username and a new password for your user account, then click **Next**.

tp-link			
	Set up a new a	ccount	
	New Diername:	user1	
	New Password:	•••••	
	Confirm Password		0
	Next		

6. Configure the SSID and password. For the dual-band EAP, you can configure the SSID and password for both 2.4GHz and 5GHz. Click **Save**.

Wireless Basic Set	tings
2.4GHz Wireless Radio	2 Z-10
SSID	551D-1
Password:	12345679
SGHz Wireless Radio:	12 Countries
SSID:	SSID-2
Pessword:	12245678

#### Tips:

You can skip this step and configure wireless settings later on the management page. If needed, you can also create more SSIDs. For detailed instructions, refer to 2.1 Configure the Wireless Parameters.

7. The following page will appear. Make sure that your device has connected to the new wireless network and tick the checkbox. Then click **Finish**.

Ptp-link	
	Success! Connect to your device and continue the configuration
	2.4GHz Wireless
	SSID: SSID-1 Password: 12345678
	SGHz Wireless
	\$\$1D: \$\$10-2
	Password: 12345678
	I fore committed to the new wireless retexts.
	Finish

Now you can connect your phones, tablets and laptops to the new WiFi. If you cannot access the internet, follow the <u>FAQ</u> to troubleshoot the problem.

#### Using Web Browser on Your PC and Connecting to the Ethernet

- 1. Get the IP address of the EAP. There are two methods.
  - Using DHCP Client List of the Router

Log in to the router which acts as the DHCP server. In the DHCP client list, find the IP address of your EAP according to its MAC address. The MAC address can be found at

the bottom of the EAP. In the following figure, for example, the IP address of the EAP is **192.168.0.118**.

to-link		Ab	taooo	111		1
🔶 Statua	Settings					
A houses	DHO! Server:	approximited a	iich daiwe			
- internet	1P Aikireau Pool	162.168.3	1.300	192.108.2.199		
24980	Address Lease Titles	320	Hillings 12-28	83. The default -akie	(121.)	
- 10000.00	Default Oxtemay	192.068.0		(Defineal)		
- DHCP Server	Winary CNEL	192.168.0	LI	(Dptimal)		
- Dyrapini 2565	Secondary (MS)	282.568.5	1.1	(Optimal)		
😂 Operation Mode	Address Reservat	ion				- Taken
49000000						
A Wreless						C Duinte
Woreless     Guest Network	0 10 1	NAC Address	Reserved IP Address	Description	Statue	C Datate
		NAC Address		Description	Status	
41 Guest Network		HAC Address		Description	Statue 	math
<ul> <li>Cuest Network</li> <li>USB Settings</li> <li>Parantal Controls</li> </ul>		HAC Address		Description	Status 	math
<ul> <li>Quest Network</li> <li>✓ USb Settings</li> </ul>		-	420464	Description	-	Hudity

#### Tips:

When the DHCP server is not available in your network, the EAP has the DHCP fallback IP address, which is **192.168.0.254** by default.

• Using EAP Discovery Utility

Go to <u>https://www.tp-link.com/download/EAP-Controller.html#EAP\_Discovery\_Tool</u> to download, install and launch EAP Discovery Utility on your PC. EAP Discovery Utility can

scan all EAPs in the same network segment, and find the IP address of the EAP. In the following figure, for example, the IP address of the EAP is **192.168.0.5**.

AND, IP.	Shahua.					
lelect	MAC Address	IP Address	Model	Version	Status	Action
10	50 c7 bt 17 a6 +2	192,168.0.6	EAP245	1.0.1 Build 20170414 R.	Pending	Manage

#### Tips:

Some EAP models only works with certain software version of Discovery Utility. If your Discovery Utility can't discover your EAP anyway, try a different software version.

2. To log in to the EAP, launch a web browser and enter the IP address of the EAP in the address bar. The login page will appear. By default, both the username and password are **admin**.

Ptp-link   EAP245	
admin	
â ·····	0
LOGIN	

#### Tips:

To facilitate access to the EAP, you can set a static IP address for the EAP and remember it well or write it down. But make sure that this IP address is not being used by other devices in the same LAN. For detailed instructions about how to set a static IP address for the EAP, refer to 4.1 Manage the IP Address of the EAP.

3. After logging in to the EAP, follow the step-by-step instructions to complete the basic configurations. In the pop-up window, configure a new username and a new password for your user account, then click **Next**.

tp-link			
	Set up a new a	ccount	
	New Diername:	user1	
	New Password:	•••••	
	Confirm Password		0
	Next		

4. Configure the SSID and password. For the dual-band EAP, you can configure the SSID and password for both 2.4GHz and 5GHz. Click **Save**.

Wireless Basic Set	tings
2.4GHz Wireless Radio:	2 2 martine
SSED	5530-2
Password:	12345679
SGHz Wireless Radio:	1 familie
SSID:	SSID-2
Pestword:	12045678

#### Tips:

You can skip this step and configure wireless settings later on the management page. If needed, you can also create more SSIDs. For detailed instructions, refer to 2.1 Configure the Wireless Parameters.

5. The following page will appear. Make sure that your device has connected to the new wireless network and tick the checkbox. Then click **Finish**.

Ptp-link	
	Success! Connect to your device and continue the configuration
	2.4GHz Wireless
	SSID: SSID-1 Password: 12345678
	SGHz Wireless
	SSID: SSID-2 Password: 12345678
	I have committed to the new whether referance.
	Finish

Now you can connect your phones, tablets and laptops to the new WiFi. If you cannot access the internet, follow the <u>FAQ</u> to troubleshoot the problem.

## 1.4 Configure and Manage the EAP

If you use the web browser to configure your EAP, you can configure more advanced functions according to your needs, and manage it conveniently on the web page.

Ptp-link						Ð	0
	Star	Wireless	Mana	gement	System		
		Device	Wireless	Client			
Device Information							
Device Name	EAP245-0C-80-63	6D-CE-08					
Device Hodel:	EAP245						
Firmware Version:	2.1.0 Build 201600	29 Aul. 59785(4555)					
Hardware Version	3.0						
HAC Address:	0C-88-63-80-CE-0	28					
IP Address	192.108.0.54						
Subnet Mask	255-255-255.0						
ETHL	1000Hbp3 - FD						
ETH2:	Down						
System Time:	3018-11-07 10:56	:54					
taptime:	0 days 01:40:16						
CPU Utilization:		2%					
Memory Utilization:		55%					

On the top of the page, you can click  $\boxdot$  to log out and click O to open the technical support website.

There are four tabs: **Status**, **Wireless**, **Management** and **System**. The following table introduces what you can configure under each tab, and the following chapters discuss these topics in detail.

Status	You can view the information of the EAP, wireless traffic and clients.
Wireless	You can configure the wireless parameters and advanced features, such as Portal, VLAN, MAC Filtering, Scheduler, Band Steering, QoS and Rogue AP Detection.
Management	You can manage the EAP using the management features, such as System Logs, Web Server, Management Access, LED Control, SSH and SNMP.
System	You can configure the system parameters, including the login account and the system time. In addition, you can reboot and reset the EAP, backup and restore the configuration, and upgrade the EAP using the new firmware file.

# **2** Configure the Network

This chapter introduces how to configure the network parameters and the advanced features of the EAP, including:

- 2.1 Configure the Wireless Parameters
- 2.2 Configure Portal Authentication
- 2.3 Configure VLAN
- 2.4 Configure MAC Filtering
- 2.5 Configure Scheduler
- 2.6 Configure Band Steering
- 2.7 Configure QoS
- 2.8 Configure Rogue AP Detection

### 2.1 Configure the Wireless Parameters

To configure the wireless parameters, go to the **Wireless > Wireless Settings** page.

Ptp-link					Ð	0
	Stat	us 👘	Mana	gement	System	
Wireless Setting	s Portai	VLAN IN	AC Ritaring Schedu	ler Band Ste	ering QoS	Rogue AP Detection
2.4GHz 5GH	12					
4GHz Wireless	Radio					
2.4GHz Wireless i Save						
4GHz SSIDs						
						Q 144
10	SSID	VLAN ID	SSID Broadcast	Security Mode	Guest Network	Action
1	9510-1	0	Enable	WPA-PSK	Disatile	0.0
4GHz Wireless	Load Balance   Airt		ré Settings			
Channel Width:	20/4019-					
Channel:	Auto					
Tx Power(EIRP)	20	1	iBm(9-20)			
Note: The EIRP transmit	power includes the	e antenna gain.				

For a dual-band EAP, there are two bands: 2.4GHz and 5GHz. The wireless parameters are separately set on each band. You can click wireless parameters on this band.

Before configuring the wireless parameters on each band, check the box to enable 2.4GHz or 5GHz Wireless Radio. Only when this option is enabled will the wireless radio on 2.4GHz or 5GHz band works.

Ptp-link				E 0			
	Stat	tus	WHENHING	Managem	ent Syst	em	
Wireless Settings	Portal	VEAN	MAC Filtering	Scheduler	Band Steering	Qri5	Ringue AP Detection
2.4GHz SGHz							
4GHz Wireless Ra	dio						
2.4GHz Wireless Radi	et: E Faalaa						
Saver							

Demonstrated with 2.4GHz, the following sections introduce these contents: 2.1.1 Configure SSIDs and 2.1.2 Configure Wireless Advanced Settings.

#### 2.1.1 Configure SSIDs

SSID (Service Set Identifier) is used as an identifier for a wireless LAN, and is commonly called as the "network name". Clients can find and access the wireless network through the SSID. For one EAP, you can build up to eight SSIDs per frequency band.

							0
8D	SSID		VLAN 10	SSED Broadcast	Security Mode	Guest Network	Action
	5510						
	SSID Broedcast:	() in the					
	Security Mode	Note	÷				
	Guest Network:	🗌 Eriabler					
	Rate Limit:	C Drable					
	CK CA	ncel					

Follow the steps below to create an SSID on the EAP:

- 1. If your EAP is a dual-band device, click 2.4CHz 5CHz to choose a frequency band on which the new SSID will be created.
- 2. Click 🛃 🔤 to add a new SSID on the chosen band.

#### Tips:

You can also click  $\square$  to edit the specific SSID which already exists in the list. And you can click  $\boxed{m}$  to delete the SSID in the list.

3. Configure the following required parameters for this SSID:

SSID	Specify a name for the wireless network.
SSID Broadcast	With the option enabled, EAP will broadcast the SSID to the nearby hosts, so that those hosts can find the wireless network identified by this SSID. If this option is disabled, users must enter the SSID manually to connect to the EAP.
Security Mode	Select the security mode of the wireless network. There are four options:
	None: Clients can access the wireless network without authentication.
	WEPI WPA-Enterprisel WPA-Personal: Clients need to pass the authentication before accessing the wireless network. For network security, we recommend that you encrypt your wireless network. The following sections will introduce how to configure these security modes.
Guest Network	With this option enabled, guest network will block clients from reaching any private IP subnet.
Rate Limit	With this option enabled, the download and upload rate of each client which connects to the SSID will be limited to balance bandwidth usage.
	You can limit the download and upload rate for some specific clients by configuring rate limit in client list, refer to <i>View Client Information</i> to get more details.
	Note that the download and upload rate will be limited to the smaller value if you set the limit value both in SSID and client configuration.

#### 4. Click **OK** to create the SSID.

Following is the detailed instructions about how to configure WEP, WPA-Enterprise and WPA-Personal.

#### • WEP

WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is a traditional encryption method. It has been proved that WEP has security flaws and can easily be cracked, so WEP cannot provide effective

protection for wireless networks. Since WPA-Personal and WPA-Enterprise are much safer than WEP, we recommend that you choose WPA-Personal or WPA-Enterprise if your clients also support them.

#### Note:

WEP is not supported in 802.11n mode or 802.11ac mode. If WEP is applied in 802.11n, 802.11 ac or 802.11n/ac mixed mode, the clients may not be able to access the wireless network. If WEP is applied in 802.11b/g/n mode (2.4GHz) or 802.11a/n (5GHz), the EAP may work at a low transmission rate.

Security Mode:	WEP	Ŧ	
Type:	e Auto	O Open System	O Shared Key
Key Selected:	.Key1		
Wep Key Format:	@ A5611	() Hexadecimal	
Key Type:	@ 54.52	0 128-bit 0	152-bit
Key Value:	weppw		

The following table detailedly introduces how to configure each item:

Туре	Select the authentication type for WEP.
	Auto: The EAP can select Open System or Shared Key automatically based on the wireless capability and request of the clients.
	<b>Open System:</b> Clients can pass the authentication and associate with the wireless network without password. However, correct password is necessary for data transmission.
	<b>Shared Key:</b> Clients have to input the correct password to pass the authentication, otherwise the clients cannot associate with the wireless network or transmit data.
Key Selected	Select one key to specify. You can configure four keys at most.
WEP Key Format	Select ASCII or Hexadecimal as the WEP key format.
	<b>ASCII:</b> With this format selected, the WEP key can be any combination of keyboard characters of the specified length.
	Hexadecimal: With this format selected, the WEP key can be any combination of howed eximal digits $(0, 0, 0, 1, 4, 5)$ with the exception length
	combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, a-f, A-F) with the specified length.
Кеу Туре	Select the WEP key length for encryption.
Кеу Туре	
Кеу Туре	Select the WEP key length for encryption.

Key Value

Enter the WEP keys. The length and valid characters are determined by the key format and key type.

#### • WPA-Enterprise

WPA-Enterprise (Wi-Fi Protected Access-Enterprise) is a safer encryption method compared with WEP and WPA-Personal. It requires a RADIUS server to authenticate the clients via 802.1X and EAP (Extensible Authentication Protocol). WPA-Enterprise can generate different passwords for different clients, which ensures higher network security. But it also costs more to maintain the network, so it is more suitable for business networks.

Security Mode:	WPA-Enterprise +	
Version:	WPA/WPA2 - Enterpris 👻	
Encryption:	8 Auto O TKIP O AES	k
RADIUS Server IP:	0.0.0.0	
RADIUS Port:	0	(1-65535. 0 means the default port, which is 1812.)
RADIUS Password:		
RADIUS Accounting:	C - Enable	
Accounting Server IP:	0.0.0.0	
Accounting Server Port:	0	(1-65533, 0 means the default port, which is 1813.)
Accounting Server Password:		
Interim Update:	Enable	
Group Key Update Period	0	seconds (30-8640000. 0 means no update.)
Guest Network:	Enable ()	
Rate Limit:	Enable	
Gance	0	

The following table introduces how to configure each item:

VersionSelect the version of WPA-Enterprise according to your needs. If you<br/>select WPA/WPA2-Enterprise, the EAP automatically decides whether<br/>to use WPA-Enterprise or WPA2-Enterprise during the authentication<br/>process.

Encryption	Select the Encryption type. Note that some encryption type is only available under certain circumstances.
	Auto: The default setting is Auto and the EAP will select TKIP or AES automatically based on the client device's request.
	<ul> <li>TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol. TKIP is not supported in 802.11n mode, 802.11ac mode or 802.11n/ac mixed mode. If TKIP is applied in 802.11n, 802.11 ac or 802.11n/ac mixed mode, the clients may not be able to access the wireless network. If TKIP is applied in 11b/g/n mode (2.4GHz) or 11a/n mode(5GHz), the device may work at a low transmission rate.</li> <li>AES: Advanced Encryption Standard. It is securer than TKIP.</li> </ul>
RADIUS Server IP	Enter the IP address of the RADIUS Server.
RADIUS Port	Enter the port number of the RADIUS Server.
RADIUS Password	Enter the shared secret key of the RADIUS server.
RADIUS Accounting	Enable or disable RADIUS accounting feature.
Accounting Server IP	Enter the IP address of the accounting server.
Accounting Server Port	Enter the port number of the accounting server.
Accounting Server Password	Enter the shared secret key of the accounting server.
Interim Update	With this option enabled, you can specify the duration between accounting information updates. By default, the function is disabled.
	Enter the appropriate duration between updates for EAPs in Interim Update Interval.
Interim Update Interval	With Interim Update enabled, specify the appropriate duration between updates for EAPs. The default duration is 600 seconds.
Group Key Update Period	Specify an update period of the encryption key. The update period instructs how often the EAP should change the encryption key. 0 means that the encryption key does not change at anytime.

#### • WPA-Personal

WPA-Personal is based on a pre-shared key. It is characterized by high safety and simple settings, so it is mostly used by common households and small businesses.

Security Mode:	WPA-Perp	onal		
Version:	WPA/WPA	2-PSK		
Encryption:	() ALCO	O TKIP ()	AES	
Wireless Password:	1234567	8		
Group Key Update Period	0			seconds (30-8640000, 0 means no update.)
Guest Network:	C Enable	0		
Rate Limit:	Enable			
QK Cance				

The following table introduces how to configure each item:

Version	Select the version of WPA-Personal according to your needs. If you select WPA/WPA2-PSK, the EAP automatically decides whether to use WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK during the authentication process.
Encryption	Select the Encryption type. Note that some encryption type is only available under certain circumstances.
	<b>Auto:</b> The default setting is Auto and the EAP will select TKIP or AES automatically based on the client device's request.
	TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol. TKIP is not supported in 802.11n mode, 802.11ac mode or 802.11n/ac mixed mode. If TKIP is applied in 802.11n, 802.11 ac or 802.11n/ac mixed mode, the clients may not be able to access the wireless network. If TKIP is applied in 11b/g/n mode (2.4GHz) or 11a/n mode(5GHz), the device may work at a low transmission rate. AES: Advanced Encryption Standard. It is securer than TKIP.
Wireless	Configure the wireless password with ASCII or Hexadecimal characters.
Password	<ul> <li>For ASCII, the length should be between 8 and 63 and the valid characters contain numbers, letters (case-sensitive) and common punctuations.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>For Hexadecimal, the length should be between 8 and 64, and the valid characters contain: 0-9, a-f, A-F.</li> </ul>
Group Key Update Period	Specify an update period of the encryption key. The update period instructs how often the EAP should change the encryption key. 0 means that the encryption key does not change at anytime.

#### 2.1.2 Configure Wireless Advanced Settings

Proper wireless parameters can improve the performance of your wireless network. This section introduces how to configure the advanced wireless parameters of the EAP, including *Radio Setting*, *Load Balance*, *Airtime Fairness* and *More Settings*.

#### **Radio Setting**

Radio settings directly control the behavior of the radio in the EAP and its interaction with the physical medium; that is, how and what type of signal the EAP emits.

Wireless Mode	B02.11b/g/n mixed		
Channel Width	20/40/942	. *	
Channel	Auto		
Tx Power(EIRP):	28		(Bm(8-22)
Wither:			
	Includes the artenna gain.		

Select the frequency band (2.4GHz/5GHz) and configure the following parameters.

Wireless Mode	Select the IEEE 802.11 mode the radio uses.
	• For 2.4GHz:
	<b>802.11b/g/n/ax mixed:</b> All of 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n, and 802.11ax clients operating in the 2.4GHz frequency can connect to the EAP. Note that 802.11ax is only available for certain devices.
	<b>802.11b/g/n mixed</b> : All of 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n clients operating in the 2.4GHz frequency can connect to the EAP.
	802.11b/g mixed: Both 802.11b and 802.11g clients can connect to the EAP.
	802.11n only: Only 802.11n clients can connect to the EAP.
	• For 5GHz:
	<b>802.11a/n/ac/ax mixed</b> : All of 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac, and 802.11ax clients operating in the 5GHz frequency can connect to the EAP. Note that 802.11ax is only available for certain devices.
	<b>802.11a/n/ac mixed</b> : All of 802.11a, 802.11n, and 802.11ac clients operating in the 5GHz frequency can connect to the EAP.
	<b>802.11n/ac mixed</b> : Both 802.11n clients and 802.11ac clients operating in the 5GHz frequency can connect to the EAP.
	802.11ac only: Only 802.11ac clients can connect to the EAP.
Channel Width	Select the channel width of the EAP. The available options differ among different EAPs.
	For some EAPs, available options include 20MHz, 40MHz and 20/40MHz.
	For other EAPs, available options include <b>20MHz</b> , <b>40MHz</b> , <b>80MHz</b> and <b>20/40/80MHz</b> .
	When the radio mode includes 802.11n, we recommend you set the channel bandwidth to 20/40 MHz or 20/40/80MHz to improve the transmission speed. However, you may choose a lower bandwidth due to the following reasons:
	<ul> <li>To increase the available number of channels within the limited total bandwidth.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To avoid interference from overlapping channels occupied by other devices in the environment.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Lower bandwidth can concentrate higher transmit power, increasing stability of wireless links over long distances.</li> </ul>
Channel Limit	Check the box to enable the Channel Limit function. With this function enabled, the wireless frequency 5150MHz~5350MHz will be disabled. This function can influence the available options in Channel.
	This feature is only available on certain devices. To check whether your device supports this feature, refer to the actual web interface.

Channel	Select the channel used by the EAP. For example, 1/2412MHz means that the channel is 1 and the frequency is 2412MHz. By default, the channel is automatically selected, and we recommend that you keep the default setting.
Tx Power (EIRP)	Specify the transmit power value. If this value is set to be larger than the maximum transmit power that is allowed by the local regulation, the regulated maximum transmit power will be applied in the actual situation.
	<b>Note:</b> In most cases, it is unnecessary to use the maximum transmit power. Specifying a larger transmit power than needed may cause interference to the neighborhood. Also it consumes more power and reduces longevity of the device.

#### Load Balance

With the Load Balance feature, you can limit the maximum number of clients who can access the EAP. In this way, you can achieve rational use of network resources.

2.4GHz Wireless Advanced Settings			
Radio Settings Load Belance	Airtime Lainness) More Settings		
Load Balance:	L toda		
Maximum Associated Clients:	0 (00 1)		
Save			

Follow the steps below to configure Load Balance:

- 1. Click 2.1CHz 5CHz to choose a frequency band on which the load balance feature will take effect.
- 2. Check the box to enable Load Balance.
- Specify the maximum number of clients who can connect to the EAP at the same time. While the number of connected clients has reached the limit and there are more clients requesting to access the network, the EAP will disconnect those with weaker signals.
- 4. Click Save.

#### **Airtime Fairness**

#### Note:

Airtime Fairness is only available on certain devices. To check whether your device supports this feature, refer to the actual web interface.

With Airtime Fairness enabled, each client connected to the EAP can get the same amount of time to transmit data, avoiding low-data-rate clients to occupy too much network bandwidth.

Compared with the relatively new client devices, some legacy client devices support slower wireless rate. If they communicate with the same EAP, the slower clients take more time to transmit and receive data compared with the faster clients. As a result, the overall wireless throughput of the network decreases.

Therefore we recommend you check the box to enable this function under multirate wireless networks. In this way, the faster clients can get more time for the data transmission and the network overall throughput can be improved.

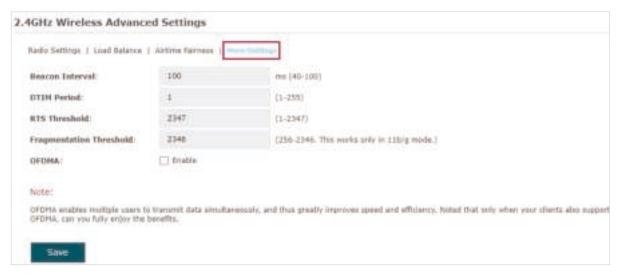
2.4GHz Wireless Advano	2.4GHz Wireless Advanced Settings					
Radio Settings   Tool Palance	Airtime Lainness    More Settings					
Airline Laimess:	trable					
Savo						

#### Note:

With Airtime Fairness enabled, 50 wireless clients at most can connect to the EAP in 2.4GHz band.

## **More Settings**

Proper wireless parameters can improve the network's stability, reliability and communication efficiency. The advanced wireless parameters consist of Beacon Interval, DTIM Period, RTS Threshold, Fragmentation Threshold, and OFDMA.



The following table introduces how to configure each item:

Beacon Interval	Beacons are transmitted periodically by the EAP to announce the presence of a wireless network for the clients. <b>Beacon Interval</b> determines the time interval of the beacons sent by the EAP. You can specify a value between 40 and 100ms. The default is 100ms.
DTIM Period	The DTIM (Delivery Traffic Indication Message) is contained in some Beacon frames. It indicates whether the EAP has buffered data for client devices. The <b>DTIM Period</b> indicates how often the clients served by this EAP should check for buffered data still on the EAP awaiting pickup.
	You can specify the value between 1-255 Beacon Intervals. The default value is 1, indicating that clients check for buffered data at every beacon. An excessive DTIM interval may reduce the performance of multicast applications, so we recommend you keep the default value.
RTS Threshold	RTS/CTS (Request to Send/Clear to Send) is used to improve the data transmission efficiency of the network with hidden nodes, especially when there are lots of large packets to be transmitted.
	When the size of a data packet is larger than the <b>RTS Threshold</b> , the RTS/ CTS mechanism will be activated. With this mechanism activated, before sending a data packet, the client will send an RTS packet to the EAP to request data transmitting. And then the EAP will send CTS packet to inform other clients to delay their data transmitting. In this way, packet collisions can be avoided.
	For a busy network with hidden nodes, a low threshold value will help reduce interference and packet collisions. But for a not-so-busy network, a too low threshold value will cause bandwidth wasting and reduce the data throughput. The recommended and default value is 2347 bytes.
Fragmentation Threshold	The fragmentation function can limit the size of packets transmitted over the network. If the size of a packet exceeds the <b>Fragmentation Threshold</b> , the fragmentation function is activated and the packet will be fragmented into several packets.
	Fragmentation helps improve network performance if properly configured. However, a too low fragmentation threshold may result in poor wireless performance caused by the extra work of dividing up and reassembling of frames and increased message traffic. The recommended and default value is 2346 bytes.
OFDMA	OFDMA enables multiple users to transmit data simultaneously, and thus greatly improves speed and efficiency. Only when your clients also support OFDMA, can you fully enjoy the benefits.
	This feature is only available on certain devices. To check whether your device supports this feature, refer to the actual web interface.

# 2.2 Configure Portal Authentication

Portal authentication provides authentication service to the clients that only need temporary access to the wireless network, such as the customers in a restaurant or in a supermarket. To access the network, these clients need to enter the authentication login page and use the correct login information to pass the authentication. In addition, you can customize the authentication login page and specify a URL which the authenticated clients will be redirected to.

In this module, you can also configure Free Authentication Policy, which allows the specific clients to access the specific network resources without authentication.

Yeard       YU.Ali       MAC: Pittering       Scheduler       Band Siteering       Qoi       Bague AP Detects         STED:         STED:         Prevention Select:         Selection Trape:         Selection Trape:
--

To configure portal authentication, go to the **Wireless > Portal** page.

## **Configure Portal**

Three portal authentication types are available: No Authentication, Local Password and External RADIUS Server. The following sections introduce how to configure each authentication type.

#### No Authentication

With this authentication type configured, clients can pass the authentication and access the network without providing any login information. They only need to accept the term of use on the authentication page.

ISID:	+ Please Select -	*		
Authentication Type:	No Authentication	*		
Authentication Timeout:	1 Hour	*		
	р н м			
tedirect:	Enable			
Redirect URL:				
Portal Customization:	Local Web Portal	<b>7</b> .		
	Term of Use:			
		Looke		
			_	

Follow the steps below to configure No Authentication as the portal authentication type:

- 1. Select the SSID on which the portal will take effect.
- 2. Select No Authentication as the authentication type.
- 3. Configure the relevant parameters as the following table shows:

Specify the value of authentication timeout.
A client's authentication will expire after the authentication timeout and the client needs to log in to the authentication page again to access the network.
Options include <b>1 Hour, 8 Hours, 24 Hours, 7 Days</b> , and <b>Custom</b> . With <b>Custom</b> selected, you can customize the time in days, hours, and minutes.
With this function configured, the newly authenticated client will be redirected to the specific URL.
With <b>Redirect</b> enabled, you also need to enter the URL in this field. The newly authenticated client will be redirected to this URL.
Configure the authentication page. <b>Local Web Portal</b> is the only available option in this authentication type. Enter the title and term of use in the two boxes.
The EAP uses its built-in web server to provide this authentication page for clients. To pass the authentication, clients only need to check the box of I <b>accept the Term of Use</b> and click the <b>Login</b> button.

4. Click Save.

#### Local Password

With this authentication type configured, clients are required to provide the correct password to pass the authentication.

SSID:	- Please Select -	T
Authentication Type:	Local Password	345
Password:		
Authentication Timeout:	1 Hour	*
	D H M	
Redirect:	Enable	
Redirect URL:		
Portal Customization:	Local Web Portal	
	Password:	
		/ taigin

Follow the steps below to configure Local Password as the portal authentication type:

- 1. Select the SSID on which the portal will take effect.
- 2. Select Local Password as the authentication type.
- 3. Configure the relevant parameters as the following table shows:

Password Specify a password for authentication.

Authentication	Specify the value of authentication timeout.
Timeout	A client's authentication will expire after the authentication timeout and the client needs to log in to the authentication page again to access the network.
	Options include <b>1 Hour, 8 Hours, 24 Hours, 7 Days,</b> and <b>Custom</b> . With <b>Custom</b> selected, you can customize the time in days, hours, and minutes.
Redirect	With this function configured, the newly authenticated client will be redirected to the specific URL.
Redirect URL	With <b>Redirect</b> enabled, you also need to enter the URL in this field. The newly authenticated client will be redirected to this URL.
Portal Customization	Configure the authentication page. <b>Local Web Portal</b> is the only available option is this authentication type. Enter the title and term of use in the two boxes.
	The EAP uses its built-in web server to provide this authentication page for clients. To pass the authentication, clients need to provide the correct password in the <b>Password</b> field, check the box of <b>I accept the Term of Use</b> and click the <b>Login</b> button.

4. Click Save.

#### • External RADIUS Server

If you have a RADIUS server on the network to authenticate the clients, you can select **External Radius Server**. Clients need to provide the correct login information to pass the authentication.

510	- Please Select -	τ.	
uthentication Type:	External Radius Server		
ADIUS Server IP:			
ADIUS Port:	1612		(1-65535)
ADIUS Password			
AS ID:			
ADIUS Accounting:	🕑 Eriabio		
ccounting Server IP:			
ccounting Server Port:	1613		(1-65535)
ccounting Server assword:			
nterim Update:	Enable		
nterim Interval:	1989		seconds (60-86400)
athentication Timeout:	1 Hour	Ψ.	
	D H M		
edirect:	Enable		
edirect URL:			
ortal Customization	Local Web Portal		
	Username		
	Password:		
	Term of Use:		
	C A second the Te		

Follow the steps below to configure External Radius Server as the portal authentication type:

- 1. Select the SSID on which the portal will take effect.
- 2. Build a RADIUS server on the network and make sure that it is reachable by the EAP.
- 3. Go to the **Portal** configuration page on the EAP. Select **External Radius Server** as the authentication type.
- 3. Configure the relevant parameters as the following table shows:

r the IP address of RADIUS server. r the port of the RADIUS server. r the password of the RADIUS server. figure a Network Access Server Identifier (NAS ID) using 1 4 characters on the portal. The NAS ID is sent to the RADIUS
r the password of the RADIUS server. figure a Network Access Server Identifier (NAS ID) using 1
figure a Network Access Server Identifier (NAS ID) using 1
-
er by the EAP through an authentication request packet. With NAS ID which classifies users to different groups, the RADIUS er can send a customized authentication response.
ble or disable RADIUS accounting feature.
r the IP address of the accounting server.
r the port number of the accounting server.
r the shared secret key of the accounting server.
this option enabled, you can specify the duration between ounting information updates. By default, the function is oled.
r the appropriate duration between updates for EAPs in <b>im Update Interval</b> .
Interim Update enabled, specify the appropriate duration veen updates for EAPs. The default duration is 600 seconds.
cify the value of authentication timeout.
ent's authentication will expire after the authentication out and the client needs to log in to the authentication page n to access the network.
ons include <b>1 Hour, 8 Hours, 24 Hours, 7 Days,</b> and <b>Custom</b> . <b>Custom</b> selected, you can customize the time in days, hours, minutes.

Redirect	With this function configured, the newly authenticated client will be redirected to the specific URL.				
Redirect URL	With <b>Redirect</b> enabled, you also need to enter the URL in this field. The newly authenticated client will be redirected to this URL.				
Portal Customization	Configure the authentication page. There are two options: Local Web Portal and External Web Portal.				
	<ul> <li>Local Web Portal</li> <li>Enter the title and term of use in the two boxes. The EAP uses its built-in web server to provide this authentication page for clients. To pass the authentication, clients need to provide the correct username and password in the Username and Password fields, check the box of I accept the Term of Use and click the Login button.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>External Web Portal</li> <li>With External Web Portal configured, the authentication page will be provided by the web portal server built on the network.</li> <li>To configure External Web Portal, you need to complete the following configurations:</li> </ul>				
	1. Build an external web portal server on your network and make sure that it is reachable by the EAP.				
	2. On this configuration page, enter the URL of the authentication page provided by the external portal server.				
	Portal Customization: External Web Portal 👻				
	External Web Portal URE:				
	3. Add the external web portal server to the <b>Free Authentication</b> <b>Policy</b> list. In this way, clients can access the web portal server before authenticated. For details about how to configure Free Authentication Policy, refer to <b>Configure Free</b> <b>Authentication Policy</b> .				

4. Click Save.

## **Configure Free Authentication Policy**

Free Authentication Policy allows some specific clients to access the specific network resources without authentication. For example, you can set a free authentication policy to allow clients to visit the external web portal server before authenticated. In this way,

the clients can visit the login page provided by the web portal server and then pass the subsequent authentication process.

ree Aut	e Authentication Policy									
							O Add			
ID	Policy Name	Source IP Range	Destination IP Range	Source MAC Address	Destination Port	Status	Settings			
-		-		-						

Follow the steps below to add free authentication policy.

1. In the Free Authentication Policy section, click 🔮 🔤 to load the following page.

1	Policy Name	Source IP Ramps	Desl	ination TP Range	Source MAC Address	Destination Port	Status	Setting
Р	olicy Name:							
8	iource IP Range:	0.0.0.0	1	(Optional)				
D	estination IP Range:	0.0.0.0	1	(Optional)				
5	ource MAC Address:	101-011-00-001-00-00	(Op	ional)				
D	estination Port:		(Opt	(Innal)				
	tatus:	L mable						

2. Configure the following parameters. When all the configured conditions are met, the client can access the network without authentication.

Policy Name	Specify a name for the policy.
Source IP Range	Specify an IP range with the subnet and mask length. The clients in this IP range can access the network without authentication. Leaving the field empty means that clients with any IP address can access the specific resources.
Destination IP Range	Specify an IP range with the subnet and mask length. The devices in this IP range can be accessed by the clients without authentication. Leaving the field empty means that all devices in the LAN can be accessed by the specific clients.
Source MAC Address	Specify the MAC address of the client, who can access the specific resources without authentication. Leaving the field empty means that clients with any MAC address can access the specific resources.

Destination Port	Specify the port number of the service. When using this service, the clients can access the specific resources without authentication.
	Leaving the field empty means that clients can access the specific resources no matter what service they are using.
Status	Check the box to enable the policy.

#### Tips:

When External Web Portal is configured in the portal configuration, you should set the IP address and subnet mask of the external web server as the **Destination IP Range**. As for **Source IP Range**, **Source MAC Address** and **Destination Port**, you can simply keep them as empty or configure them according to your actual needs.

3. Click **OK** to add the policy.

# 2.3 Configure VLAN

Wireless VLAN is used to set VLANs for the wireless networks. With this feature, the EAP can work together with the switches supporting 802.1Q VLAN. Traffic from the clients in different wireless networks is added with different VLAN tags according to the VLAN settings of the wireless networks. Then the wireless clients in different VLANs cannot directly communicate with each other. Note that the traffic from the wired clients will not be added with VLAN tags.

	Status	- Minin	Managem	ent Syst	em	
Wireless Satt	ngs Purtai	VLAN HAG FI	Renng Scheduler	Band Steering	Qo5	Rogue AP Detection
LAN ID						
8D	SSIO Rame	Band	VLAN		VLA	IN ID
	100000	2.40812	Disable	*		
- 1	553D-1					

To configure VLAN for the wireless network, go to the **Wireless > VLAN** page.

Follow the steps below to configure VLAN on this page.

- 1. Select the specific SSID in the list to configure the VLAN.
- 2. In the VLAN column and select Enable to enable the VLAN function on the SSID.
- Specify the VLAN ID for the wireless network in the VLAN ID column. Every VLAN ID represents a different VLAN. It supports maximum 8 VLANs per frequency band. The VLAN ID range is 0 to 4094. 0 is used to disable VLAN tagging.
- 4. Click Save.

# 2.4 Configure MAC Filtering

MAC Filtering is used to allow or block the clients with specific MAC addresses to access the network. With this feature you can effectively control clients' access to the wireless network according to your needs.

To configure MAC Filtering, go to the **Wireless > MAC Filtering** page.

				ment Syste		
Wireless Settings	Portal	VLAN MAC	Filtering Scheduler	Band Steering	Q1E	Rogue AP Detects
ettings						
Enable MAC Filter	Hig: 🗇 (Gelle					
_						
and the second se						
Save						
Save						
Save,						
save	up					
	шр		O contra talanta			
	up		🔘 ( yanta likinina			
tation MAC Gro	t best stores		O / reals litizes			
	t best stores		O frank linns			
ation MAC Gro AC Filtering As	sociation					
tation MAC Gro	t best stores	Band	C (neds liters) MAC Gros	e Nànse	*	ction .
AC Filtering As	sociation	fierd	MAC Grou			
ation MAC Gro AC Filtering As	sociation			e Norme	A	ction .
AC Filtering As	sociation	fierd	MAC Grou			

Follow the steps below to configure MAC Filtering on this page:

1. In the Settings section, check the box to enable MAC Filtering, and click Save.

Settings			
Enable MAC Filtering	12 mars		
			Save

2. In the **Station MAC Group** section, click **C** and the following page will appear.

	Q 844 4 79 100			0	
MAC Group Name	Modify		3D	MAC Address	Hodily
		-	1.00	1	

1) Click OK. The MAC group to be created. Click OK. You can create up to eight MAC groups.

	C All printer	0 ***			
MAC Group Name	Hodily	30	MAC Address	Poddy	
		 1.1	177	÷.,	
MAC Group Broat 1					
Cancel	CIK				

2) Select a MAC group in the group list (the color of the selected one will change to blue). Click **O** and **O** add **O** 

	O vie a lines			0	b come many
MAC Group Name	Modify		10	MAC Address	Hoddly
Quart 2	6.0				
10 to 2	0.8	*			
			MAC Adds	ms 44/80/00-85#	
				Cenat	OK

In the MAC Filtering Association section, configure the filtering rule. For each SSID, you can select a MAC group in the MAC Group Name column and select the filtering rule (Allow/Deny) in the Action column. Click Save.

For example, the following configuration means that the hosts in Group 2 are denied to access the SSID **SSID-1** on the 2.4GHz band and allowed to access the SSID **SSID-2** on the 5GHz band.

2.4GHz	Group2			
		7	Deny	τ.
SCIL	Group9	Ŧ	Allow	Ŧ
	50312	SCR1/ Crimp2	Malz	Statz Group2 v Allow

# 2.5 Configure Scheduler

With the Scheduler feature, the EAP or its wireless network can automatically turn on or off at the time you set. For example, you can schedule the radio to operate only during the office working time to reduce power consumption.

	Stat	us: 📃 🗰	Man	agement 5	stem	
Wrview Settings	Portal	VLAN MA	C Filtering Scher	luler Band Steering	QoS	Roque AP Detecto
ettings						
Scheduler:	E tautis					
Association Mode	Associati	ed with \$310 +				
Save						
Save						
_						
Save cheduler Config	puration					
_	puration		Course Handbard			
cheduler Config			O cinere titulitar			
_			Course Hindees			
cheduler Config		Basid		file Name		Action
cheduler Config cheduler Assoc	iation	Danid 2.4GHz			* Rafit G	
cheduler Config cheduler Assoc	iation SSID		Pri		• Radio C	et

To configure Scheduler, go to the Wireless > Scheduler page.

Follow the steps below to configure Scheduler on this page:

 In the Settings section, check the box to enable Scheduler and select the Association Mode. There are two modes: Associated with SSID (the scheduler profile will be applied to the specific SSID) and Associated with AP (the profile will be applied to all SSIDs on the EAP). Then click Save.

ettings		
Scheduler Accessions Made	E tradict Associated with SSID +	
Association made.	watercrame with heart, a.	100

2. In the **Scheduler Profile Configuration** section, click Constant and the following page will appear.

	O	-					0-	-
Profile Name	Modify		10	Profile Name	Days	Start Time	tint Time	Modify
				-				

1) Click 🚱 Add a Profile and specify a name for the profile to be created. Click **OK**. You can create up to eight profiles.

		C and a frate					0	-
. 97	ofile Name	Hoday	10	Profile Name	Deys	Mart Time	Lived Theses	Health
			 -	373	-	1874	-	-
Profile	Profes 1							
	Dented	- 65						

2) Select a profile in the list (the color of the selected one will change to blue). Click

3 Add an item to add time range items to the profile. Specify the **Day, Start Time** and **End Time** of the time range, and click **OK**.

Profile Nome										0.	
Provine Henry	360	RIY:	90	Profil	ie Nam	•		Beys	Start Time	tind Time	Modify
Profiles 3	0	٠									
Polla 2				Day							
				Day .		Weeks		Det	Day C	Current	
				See.	ii ia	18	West		1.11	13 14	
				[.] === ·							
				Timer	1.14	hors					
				Start Time	094	+					
				Inf Time:	34	- 61	1200				

#### Tips:

You can add up to eight time range items for one profile. If there are several time range items in one profile, the time range of this profile is the sum of all of these time ranges.

3. In the **Scheduler Association** section, configure the scheduler rule. There are two association modes: Association with SSID and Association with AP. The following sections introduce how to configure each mode.

#### Association with SSID

If you select **Association with SSID** in step 1, the Scheduler Association table will display all the SSIDs on the EAP. For each SSID, you can select a profile in the **Profile Name** column and select the scheduler rule (Radio On/Radio Off) in the Action column. Then click **Save**.

For example, the following configuration means that during the time range defined in Profile2, the radio of SSID **SSID-1** is on and the radio of SSID **SSID-2** is off.

1D	SSID	Hand	Profile Name		Action	
1	SSID 1	2.1GHz	profile2		Radio On	Ŧ
2	5540-2	50412	prafile2	Ψ.	Radio Off	Ŧ

#### Association with AP

If you select **Association with AP** in step 1, the Scheduler Association table will display the name and MAC address of the EAP. Select a profile in the **Profile Name** column and select the scheduler rule **(Radio On/Radio Off)** in the **Action** column. Then click **Save**.

For example, the following configuration means that during the time range defined in Profile2, the radio of all SSIDs on the EAP is on.

10	**	AP MAC	Profile Name	Action	
4	247245 58 17 16 17 46 12	50 C7 87-17-46-62	Profile 2	Radio On	
1947242 10 L7 III	17 40 41	and entries a		NAMES OF	

# 2.6 Configure Band Steering

A client device that is capable of communicating on both the 2.4GHz and 5GHz frequency bands will typically connect to the 2.4GHz band. However, if too many client devices are connected to an EAP on the 2.4GHz band, the efficiency of communication will be diminished. Band Steering can steer dual-band clients to the 5GHz frequency band which supports higher transmission rates and more client devices, and thus to greatly improve the network quality.

#### Note:

Only the dual-band EAP products support Band Steering.

To configure Band Steering, go to the Wireless > Band Steering page.

	Statu	5 I	Wenies-	Managem	ent Syste		
Wretesi Settingi	Portal	VLAN	MAC Pittaring	Sibeduler	fland Steering	Quill	Rogue AP Detection
Band Steering							
Band Stenring							
Connection Threshold	20		(2-40)				
Offerent Threshold	4		(2-6)				
Max Failures:	10		10-1005				

Follow the steps below to configure Band Steering on this page:

- 1. Check the box to enable Band Steering function.
- 2. Configure the following parameters to balance the clients on both frequency bands:

Connection Threshold/Difference Threshold	<b>Connection Threshold</b> defines the maximum number of clients connected to the 5GHz band. The value of <b>Connection Threshold</b> is from 2 to 40, and the default is 20.
	<b>Difference Threshold</b> defines the maximum difference between the number of clients on the 5GHz band and 2.4GHz band. The value of <b>Difference Threshold</b> is from 1 to 8, and the default is 4.
	When the following two conditions are both met, the EAP prefer to refuse the connection request on 5GHz band and no longer steer other clients to the 5GHz band:
	1.The number of clients on the 5GHz band reaches the <b>Connection</b> <b>Threshold</b> value.
	2.The difference between the number of clients on the 2.4GHz band and 5GHz band reaches the <b>Difference Threshold</b> value.
Max Failures	If a client repeatedly attempts to associate with the EAP on the 5GHz band and the number of rejections reaches the value of <b>Max Failures</b> , the EAP will accept the request.
	The value is from 0 to 100, and the default is 10.

3. Click Save.

# 2.7 Configure QoS

Quality of service (QoS) is used to optimize the throughput and performance of the EAP when handling differentiated wireless traffic, such as Voice-over-IP (VoIP), other types of audio, video, streaming media, and traditional IP data.

In QoS configuration, you should set parameters on the transmission queues for different types of wireless traffic and specify minimum and maximum wait time for data transmission. In normal use, we recommend that you keep the default values.

	Status		M	lanapoment		iystem	
Indexs Settings	Portal VLAN	MAC Filterin	g 50	heduler B	and Steering	QOS Ro	gue AP Oeta
2.404e SGIe M-Ti Maltimedia (WNP EDCA Parameters	) 19: 21 mars						
Quantum	Arbitration Jator Frame Spacing	Minima Contention	um Mindane	Hazin	win Window	Harimum Burst	
Data 0 (Voice)	1	3	12	7		1504	
Data 1 (Video)	1	9	14	18		3008	
Data 2 (Rest Effort)	3	18		63		.0	
Data 3 (Background)		18	12	1023		•	
tion EDCA Paramet	ers						
Quantum	Arbitration Inter-Frame Spacing	Mising Conjunction 1	une Wässikener	Heste	aim Window	TXOP Limit	
Detta 0 (Voice)	3	.0		2		1504	
Data 1 (Mileo)	1	1	24	15	19 19	3008	
Data 2 (Best Sflort)	3	13	. 7	1023		0	
Deta 3 (Background)	2	15	14	1023	¥.		
to Acknowledgement		🗋 Enable					
Antomatic Automatic	Power Save Delivery	Distante 1					

To configure QoS, go to the Wireless > QoS page.

Follow the steps below to configure QoS on this page:

1. Click 2.4CHz SCHz to choose a frequency band to be configured.

2. Check the box to enable **Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM)**. With WMM enabled, the EAP uses the QoS function to guarantee the high priority of the transmission of audio and video packets.

Wi-Fi	Multimedia	(WMM):	Enable

#### Note:

If 802.11n only mode is selected in 2.4GHz (or 802.11n only, 802.11ac only, or 802.11 n/ac mixed mode selected in 5GHz), the WMM should be enabled. If WMM is disabled, the 802.11n only mode cannot be selected in 2.4GHz (or 802.11n only, 802.11ac only, or 802.11 n/ac mixed mode in 5GHz).

3. In the **AP EDCA Parameters** section, configure the AP EDCA ((Enhanced Distributed Channel Access) parameters. AP EDCA parameters affect traffic flowing from the EAP to the client station. The following table detailedly explains these parameters.

Greene	Arbitration Inter-Frame Spacing		n Window	Guidention		Maximum Harst
Data 9 (Vece)	а.	3	. *	7		2504
Opta 3 (Viiter)	ц.	20	(m)	10		300
Data 2 (Best Effort)	a .	144		-63	÷	
Data 3 (Bangroverd)	9	. 64.		3023	*	

The following table detailedly explains these parameters:

Queue	Displays the transmission queue. By default, the priority from high to low is Data 0, Data 1, Data 2, and Data 3. The priority may be changed if you reset the EDCA parameters.
	<b>Data 0 (Voice):</b> Highest priority queue, minimum delay. Timesensitive data such as VoIP and streaming media are automatically sent to this queue.
	<b>Data 1 (Video):</b> High priority queue, minimum delay. Time-sensitive video data is automatically sent to this queue.
	Data 2 (Best Effort): Medium priority queue, medium throughput and delay. Most traditional IP data is sent to this queue.
	<b>Data 3 (Background):</b> Lowest priority queue, high throughput. Bulk data that requires maximum throughput and is not time-sensitive is sent to this queue (FTP data, for example).
Arbitration Inter- Frame Space	A wait time for data frames. The wait time is measured in slots. Valid values are from 0 to 15.

Minimum Contention Window	A list to the algorithm that determines the initial random backoff wait time (window) for retry of a transmission. This value cannot be higher than the value of Maximum Contention Window.
Maximum Contention Window	The upper limit (in milliseconds) for the doubling of the random backoff value. This doubling continues until either the data frame is sent or the Maximum Contention Window size is reached.
	This value must be higher than the value of Minimum Contention Window.
Maximum Burst	Maximum Burst specifies the maximum burst length allowed for packet bursts on the wireless network. A packet burst is a collection of multiple frames transmitted without header information. The decreased overhead results in higher throughput and better performance.

4. In the **Station EDCA Parameters** section, configure the station EDCA (Enhanced Distributed Channel Access) parameters. Station EDCA parameters affect traffic flowing from the client station to the EAP.

Queros	Arbitration Inter Frame Spacing	Contentio	Centention	Winskree	TROP Livel
Data 8 (Voice)	2	3	 +	τ.	1524
Data 3 (Voles)	2	2	 18	(F)	3000
ta 2 (Next Affart)	4	11	 1023	÷2	4
ta a (Recognised) & at	9	48	1028		

The following table detailedly explains these parameters:

Queue	Displays the transmission queue. By default, the priority from high to low is Data 0, Data 1, Data 2, and Data 3. The priority may be changed if you reset the EDCA parameters.
	<b>Data 0 (Voice):</b> Highest priority queue, minimum delay. Timesensitive data such as VoIP and streaming media are automatically sent to this queue.
	<b>Data 1 (Video):</b> High priority queue, minimum delay. Time-sensitive video data is automatically sent to this queue.
	Data 2 (Best Effort): Medium priority queue, medium throughput and delay. Most traditional IP data is sent to this queue.
	<b>Data 3 (Background):</b> Lowest priority queue, high throughput. Bulk data that requires maximum throughput and is not time-sensitive is sent to this queue (FTP data, for example).

Arbitration Inter- Frame Space	A wait time for data frames. The wait time is measured in slots. Valid values are from 0 to 15.
Minimum Contention Window	A list to the algorithm that determines the initial random backoff wait time (window) for retry of a transmission.
Wildow	This value cannot be higher than the value of Maximum Contention Window.
Maximum Contention Window	The upper limit (in milliseconds) for the doubling of the random backoff value. This doubling continues until either the data frame is sent or the Maximum Contention Window size is reached. This value must be higher than the value of Minimum Contention
	Window.
TXOP Limit	The TXOP Limit is a station EDCA parameter and only applies to traffic flowing from the client station to the EAP.
	The Transmission Opportunity (TXOP) is an interval of time, in milliseconds, when a WME (Wireless Multimedia Extensions) client station has the right to initiate transmissions onto the wireless medium (WM) towards the EAP. The valid values are multiples of 32 between 0 and 8192.

5. Choose whether to enable the following two options according to your need.



The following table detailedly explains these options:

No Acknowledgment	With this option enabled, the EAP would not acknowledge frames with QosNoAck. No Acknowledgment is recommended if VoIP phones access the network through the EAP.
Unscheduled Automatic Power Save Delivery	As a power management method, it can greatly improve the energy-saving capacity of clients.

6. Click Save.

# 2.8 Configure Rogue AP Detection

A Rogue AP is an access point that is installed on a secure network without explicit authorization from the network administrator. With Rogue AP Detection, the EAP can scan all channels to detect the nearby APs and display the detected APs in the Detected Rogue AP list. If the specific AP is known as safe, you can move it to the Trusted APs list. Also, you can backup and import the Trusted AP list as needed.

#### Note:

The Rogue AP Detection feature is only used for collecting information of the nearby wireless network and does not impact the detected APs, no matter what operations you have executed in this feature.

To configure Rogue AP Detection, go to the **Wireless > Rogue AP Detection** page.

Wmmmas Sattings         Portal         VLAN         MAC Filtering         Schedular         Band Scheming         QoS         Morga           ettings         Ragee AP Detection:         In allie			System		Manager			Status	
Reque AP Detection: Duality Several Several AP List MAC SSED Band Channel Security Reacon Interval Signal Interval SSED Band Channel Security Interval Inter	que AP Detectio	quis <b>Rog</b>	enng	Band Sh	Scheduler	Filtering	VLAN HAC	Portal	Winikas Settings
etected Rogue AP List MAC SSID Band Channel Security Rencen Totervol Signal MAC SSID Band Channel Security Security Signal MAC SSID Band Channel									ettings
MAC       SSED       Band       Channel       Security       Bencom Interval       Signal         Image: State of the state of t								C thatie	Roque AP Detection
MAC     SSED     Band     Channel     Security     Bencom Interval     Signal									Save
MAC     SSED     Band     Channel     Security     Bancon Interval     Signal								Let.	aterted Burnes AD
MAC         SSLD         Band         Channel         Security         Interval         Security           rusted AP List         MAC         SSLD         Band         Channel         Security         Security <t< td=""><td>Que</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>coccica Rogae NP</td></t<>	Que								coccica Rogae NP
MAC SSID Based Charmed Security	Action	Signal		Security	Chaenel	Band	SSED		НАС
MAC SSED Band Channel Security	- 10	1	-	-	10	-	<del></del>		8
MAC SSED Band Channel Security									usted AP List
									and the state
	Action		Security		Channel	Band	SSED		MAC
ownload/Backup Trusted AP List	*				19	-			8
ownoad/backup Tristed AF List								AD I	much and / Branchurer 1
sver. Action On Towners and the IPP Co. Backup (AP to PC)								Province pro-	
e Ranagement: O Horge						UNDER .			

## Detect Rogue APs and Move the Rogue APs to the Trusted AP List

Follow the steps below to detect the nearby APs and move the trusted ones to the Trusted AP list.

1. In the **Settings** section, check the box to enable **Rogue AP Detection**. Click **Save**.

Enable	
	Save
	] Enable

- 2. In the Detected Rogue AP List section, click Q scan.
- 3. Wait for a few seconds without any operation. After detection is finished, the detected APs will be displayed in the list.

							9
HAC	553D	Band	Channel	Security	Beacon Interval	Signal	Action
00/54(8B)13:09(17	1212,56	54	24	on	100	aff	-
00-04-08-13-09-18	(7v3	2.4	11	ôN.	100	att	
08:08:EB:13:78:FD	19-Univ_7800_96_1	\$-0	38	09	100	. all	
00:34:88:13:74:FE	TF-Unit_T000_50_3	3.6	34	ON	100	and in	1000
60:14:10:12:74:97	19-Unk_7800	2.4	41	(IN)	100	. all	
1034(10:1276-0)	Ru#3	8.6	- 48	019	100	att	11110
001009333381	Camera	24	- +C	0N	100	all i	-
00.20-02-16-10-22	TP-LINK_2,44(_3822	2.4	<u>.</u>	ON	100	and it	
02:71/00:40:15:88	(DIRECT-H9-BRAVEA	2,4	- 11	oli	100	. Ite	
00110-00101-92123	quar	2.4	1.1	OFF	100		-

The following table introduces the displayed information of the APs:

MAC	Displays the MAC address of the AP.
SSID	Displays the SSID of the AP.
Band	Displays the frequency band the AP is working on.
Channel	Displays the channel the AP is using.
Security	Displays whether the security mode is enabled on the AP.

Beacon Interval	Displays the Beacon Interval value of the EAP.
	Beacon frames are sent periodically by the AP to announce to the stations the presence of a wireless network. Beacon Interval determines the time interval of the beacon frames sent by the AP device.
Signal	Displays the signal strength of the AP.

- 4. To move the specific AP to the Trusted AP list, click Known in the Action column. For example, we move the first two APs in the above Detected Rogue AP list to the Trusted AP list.
- 5. View the trusted APs in the **Trusted AP List** section. To move the specific AP back to the Rogue AP list, you can click **Unknown** in the **Action** column.

Tru	sted AP List					
	MAC	SSID	Band	Channel	Security	Action
	00:0A:EB:13:7A:FD	TP Unk_7800_96_1	5.0	36	ON	Unknown
	00:04:15:13:74:11	Defink 2000 SG 2	8.0	36	CIN	Unknown

## Manage the Trusted AP List

You can download the trusted AP list from your local host to the EAP or backup the current Trusted AP list to your local host.

#### • Download the Trusted AP List From the Host

You can import a trusted AP list which records the MAC addresses of the trusted APs. The AP whose MAC address is in the list will not be detected as a rogue AP.

Download/Backup	Trusted AP List	
Save Action:	Download (PC to AP)     O Backup (AP to PC)	
Source File Name:	Browse	
File Management:	Replace O Merge	
		Save

Follow the steps below to import a trusted AP list to the EAP:

- 1. Acquire the trusted AP list. There are two ways:
  - Backup the list from a EAP. For details, refer to Backup the Trusted AP List to the Host.

- Manually create a trusted AP list. Create a txt. file, input the MAC addresses of the trusted APs in the format XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX and use the Space key to separate each MAC address. Save the file as a **cfg** file.
- 2. On this page, check the box to choose **Download (PC to AP)**.
- 3. Click Browne and select the trusted AP list from your local host.
- 4. Select the file management mode. Two modes are available: Replace and Merge. Replace means that the current trusted AP list will be replaced by the one you import. Merge means that the APs in the imported list will be added to the current list with the original APs remained.
- 5. Click **Save** to import the trusted AP list.

#### • Backup the Trusted AP List to the Host

You can backup the current trusted AP list and save the backup file to the local host.

Download/Backup Trusted AP List						
Save Action.	C Deserviced (PC to AP)	Save				

Follow the steps below to backup the current trusted AP list:

- 1. On this page, check the box to choose Backup (AP to PC).
- 2. Click **Save** and the current trusted AP list will be downloaded to your local host as a **cfg** file.

# **3** Monitor the Network

This chapter introduces how to monitor the running status and statistics of the wireless network, including:

- 3.1 Monitor the EAP
- 3.2 Monitor the Wireless Parameters
- 3.3 Monitor the Clients

# 3.1 Monitor the EAP

To monitor the EAP information, go to the **Status > Device** page.

Ptp-link					9 0	)
	Sale	Wireless	Mana	pement	System	
		Device	Waters	Orest		
evice Information						
Device Name:	64P2H5-0C-80-43-80	CE-58				
Device Hodel	644245					
Firmwere Version	2,1,0 9+81 20183929	Rel: 59795(4555)				
Hardware Version	3,0					
MAC Address	00-00-43-00-08-00					
IP Address:	192.168.0.245					
Subnet Hask	255.255.255.0					
87H1	1000Mittane - FD					
ETHO	Dawn					
System Time:	2018-01-04 03:32:47					
Optime:	3 days 03:32:50					
OPU Utilization	-	7%				
Nemory Utilization		54%				

The following device information is displayed:

Device Name	Displays the name of the EAP. The name consists of the product model followed with the MAC address of the EAP by default.
Device Model	Displays the product model of the EAP.
Firmware Version	Displays the current firmware version the EAP. To update the firmware, you can refer to <b>5.6 Update the Firmware</b> .
Hardware Version	Displays the hardware version the EAP.
MAC Address	Displays the MAC address of the EAP.
IP Address	Displays the IP address of the EAP.
Subnet Mask	Displays the subnet mask of the EAP.
System Time	Displays the current system time. To configure the system time, you can refer to <b>5.3 Configure the System Time</b> .
Uptime	Displays how long the EAP has been working since it starts up.

CPU Utilization	Displays the CPU occupancy. If this value is too high, the EAP may work abnormally.
Memory Utilization	Displays the memory occupancy.

# 3.2 Monitor the Wireless Parameters

You can view the wireless parameters of the EAP, including SSID lists, radio settings, radio traffic and LAN traffic.

#### Tips:

To change the wireless parameters, you can refer to 2.1 Configure the Wireless Parameters.

To monitor the wireless parameters, go to the **Status > Wireless** page.

Sec. 1911	-		-	17 M					
		No.	W	Andreas	1963	nagement	System	5	
			Der	-	Wireless	. cie	00		
SSID List									
10 94	ID Norme	then	-	hecally	Portal	MAN ID	Garel Network	Datab (Byte)	(Ryter)
2 2	1000		2.4894	WEN-PER	India	(HCARRO	111404	11236	825
a - 1	100-1	0.0	5944	10000	thinks.	ticatio	toute	1.00	- 26
Burden Kustelanen									
Radio Settings	2								
2.40Hz 3	iiHt _								
2.4GHz Winsley	m Radia:	trucks.							
Channel Fragar	-	+ / 343/94ic							
Channel Fragae Channel Wilth									
		+ /.3x3/9410							
Channel Wills	-	e / 3x3(heic 35x30heid 6/g/n mweil							
Channel Willb	-	e 7.343(Heis 20140994							
Channed Wildth 2019/02/31 Min Man YE Bato To Power:	-	e /323/1446 (522094) 5/gin mesel 300.048ps							
Channed Walth 1999/02-31 His Max 15 Bate To Power: Radio Truffic	-	e /323/1446 (522094) 5/gin mesel 300.048ps							
Channed Walth 1999/02-31 His Max 15 Bate To Power: Radio Truffic		e /323/1446 (522094) 5/gin mesel 300.048ps			Tre Parchetty:		70+++05		
Charend Wilth BEERRE2.11 His Han TY Rate Te Penner: Radio Traffic 2008 3	ent ]	e / Jakjivele Joanney bigin needi Joocomba Joocomba			To Packety		Towness		
Channed Width BEERRE 11 His Han TS Rate To Power: Radio Truffic LEGHT 5 Rs Packets	- 0HE	6 / 333/1466 20130966 6/gin recell 300,04664 201806 68/130484							
Charrent Wildth BEERRE2.11 Hin Huns TE Hatte Te Present Radio Traffic EREPRESETS Ru Pachets Ru Pachets	- 0HE	<ul> <li>/ 343/1446</li> <li>(c) 343/1446</li> <li>(c) 300,04884</li> <li>(c) 300,04884</li> <li>(c) 300,0484</li> <li>(c) 3</li></ul>			Ta Bylanc		1410333114		
Channed Width BEERRO2.11 His Huas TE Rate Te Power: Te Power: Ratfio Traffic 20202 3 Re Powhers Re Powhers Re Powhers Re Dropped Pow He Errory	dets	<ul> <li>/ 343/1446</li> <li>(c) 343/1446</li> <li>(c) 300,04884</li> <li>(c) 300,04884</li> <li>(c) 300,0484</li> <li>(c) 3</li></ul>			Ta Byles: Ta Dropped		annanitte a		
Channed Wilth BEERRE2.11 His Huas TE Hata Te Posseer: Radio Truffic Sciences Ra Pockets Ra Dytes: Ra Dytes:	GHE _	<ul> <li>/ 343/1446</li> <li>(c) 343/1446</li> <li>(c) 300,04884</li> <li>(c) 300,04884</li> <li>(c) 300,0484</li> <li>(c) 3</li></ul>			Ta Byles: Ta Dropped	Pachinta	annanitte a		
Charend Wilth BEERRE2.11 His Huan TE Ratio Te Present: Ratific Traffic States: Re Packets: Re Despeed Pac Re Despeed Pac Re Despeed Pac	CHE	e / 333/1446 20130946 6/gin meetil 300,04684 300000 681/30484 38463365657 0 0			Ta Aylas: Ya Orrapod Ta Essarti	Pachinta	341111211.24 0 49		
Channed Wilth BEETRE2.11 His Hain TE Bate Te Penner: Radio Traffic Se Peckets Re Dropped Das Re Dropped Das Re Dropped Das Re Dropped Das	and a	e / 333/1446 (statised (sigh receil 300,048ps 25,886 300,048ps 31,856 68/325484 68/325484 0 0 0			Ta Ayles: 1x Orrepoil Ta ferers Ta Packeta	Pachata	341111211.14 0 05 1401308		

## Monitor the SSIDs

You can monitor the SSID information of the EAP.

		- Minus		Viniess	M	magement	Syste		
			Ge	nce 🗌	Wireless	0	ert.		
D List									
10	SSID Name	Clients	Band	Security	Portal	VLAN ID	Guest Network	Down (Byte)	(Byte)
		Clients	Band 2.464z	Security WALPSK	Portal Disable	VLAN ID Disable	Guest Network	Down (Byte) 9226	- Up

The following table introduces the displayed information of the SSID:

SSID Name	Displays the SSID name.
Clients	Displays the number of clients currently connected to the SSID.
Band	Displays the frequency band the SSID is currently using.
Security	Displays the security mode of the SSID.
Portal	Displays whether portal function is enabled on the SSID.
VLAN ID	Displays the VLAN ID of the SSID.
Guest Network	Display guest network is enabled on the SSID.
Down (Byte)	Displays the total download traffic since the SSID starts working.
Up (Byte)	Displays the total upload traffic since the SSID starts working.

## Monitor the Radio Settings

You can monitor the radio settings of the EAP. For a dual-band EAP, there are two bands: 2.4GHz and 5GHz. You can click to select a band to view. The following figure posted in the introduction takes 2.4GHz as an example.

Radio Settings	
2.4GHz BGHz	
2.4GHz Wireless Radio:	Enable
Channel Lrequency:	6 / 2407MDz
Channel Width:	20/10MHz
1111802.11 Mode:	b/ag/n miaed
Max TX Rate:	300.0Mbps
Lx Power:	20ditm

The following table introduces the displayed information of the EAP.

2.4GHz/5GHz Wireless Radio	Displays whether wireless function is enabled on the radio band.
Channel Frequency	Displays the channel and frequency which are currently used by the EAP.
Channel Width	Displays the channel width which is currently used by the EAP.
IEEE802.11 Mode	Displays the IEEE802.11 protocol currently used by the EAP.
Max TX Rate	Displays the maximum physical rate of the EAP.
Tx Power	Displays the transmit power of the EAP.

### **Monitor Radio Traffic**

You can monitor the radio traffic of the EAP. For a dual-band EAP, there are two bands: 2.4GHz and 5GHz. You can click to select a band to view. The following figure posted in the introduction takes 2.4GHz as an example.

adio Traffic			
2.4GHz 5GHz			
Rx Packets:	82874437	Lx Packets:	88009.30
Rx Bytes:	20900526476	Tx Bytes:	1000845120
Rx Dropped Packets:	0	Lx Dropped Packets:	0
Rx Errors:	0	Tx Errors:	65

The following traffic information of the radio is displayed:

Rx Packets	Displays the total number of the received packets on the 2.4GHz/5GHz band since the EAP starts up.
Tx Packets	Displays the total number of the sent packets on the 2.4GHz/5GHz band since the EAP starts up.
Rx Bytes	Displays the total received traffic on the 2.4GHz/5GHz band since the EAP starts up.
Tx Bytes	Displays the total sent traffic on the 2.4GHz/5GHz band since the EAP starts up.
Rx Dropped Packets	Displays the total number of the dropped packets which are received on the 2.4GHz/5GHz band since the EAP starts up.
Tx Dropped Packets	Displays the total number of the dropped packets which are sent on the 2.4GHz/5GHz band since the EAP starts up.
Rx Errors	Displays the total number of error packets which are received on the 2.4GHz/5GHz band since the EAP starts up.

## **Monitor LAN Traffic**

You can view the LAN traffic of EAP.

LAN Traffic			
Rx Packets:	559223	Tx Packets:	206607
Rx Byles:	320023875	Lx Bytes:	20420/153
Rx Dropped Packets:	0	Tx Dropped Packets:	0
Ra Errors:	0	La Errors:	0

The following traffic information of the LAN is displayed:

Rx Packets	Displays the total number of received packets in the LAN since the EAP starts up.
Tx Packets	Displays the total number of sent packets in the LAN since the EAP starts up.
Rx Bytes	Displays the total received traffic in the LAN since the EAP starts up.
Tx Bytes	Displays the total sent traffic in the LAN since the EAP starts up.

Rx Dropped Packets	Displays the total number of the dropped packets which are received by the EAP since it starts up.
Tx Dropped Packets	Displays the total number of the dropped packets which are sent by the EAP since it starts up.
Rx Errors	Displays the total number of the received error packets since the EAP starts up.
Tx Errors	Displays the total number of the sent error packets since the EAP starts up.

# 3.3 Monitor the Clients

You can monitor the information of the clients connected to the EAP.

			Mar 1	Wireless	Ma	sagement		ystem			
			De	vice	Wrdess	Client					
ent i	ist	_									
Use											8
	Hostneme	1P Address	HAC Address	Band	SSID	Active Time	tip (Byte)	Down (Byte)	8551 (d0m)	ilate (Hbps)	Action
	ithine	192-160-1-200	00-46-37-63-04-89	56Hz	\$61D-3	0 tlinis 00:01:3 4	298	208	-63	243.0	
1											
	lient List										
	lient List										6 mm
	lient List	Hestnam			HAC Addr	198		y (te)	Down (Byte)	)	Action

To monitor the client information, go to the **Status > Client** page.

## **View Client Information**

There are two types of clients: users and portal authenticated guests. Users are the clients that connect to the SSID with portal authentication disabled. Guests are the clients that connect to the SSID with portal authentication enabled.

Click the **User** to select the client types to view the information of the EAP. The following figure posted in the introduction takes user as an example.

Use	i ilun	4									
											()
310	Hostname	IP Address	MAC Address	Band	SSID	Active Time	up (Byte)	Down (Byte)	RSST (dBm)	Rate (Hbps)	Active

The following client information is displayed:

Hostname	Displays the hostname of the user.
IP Address	Displays the IP address of the user.

MAC Address	Displays the MAC address of the user.
Band	Displays the frequency band the user is working on.
SSID	Displays the SSID the user is connecting to.
Active Time	Displays how long the user has been connected to the SSID.
Up (Byte)	Displays the user's total uploaded traffic to the EAP since the last connection.
Down (Byte)	Displays the user's total downloaded traffic from the EAP since the last connection.
RSSI (dBm)	Displays the RSSI(Received Signal Strength Indication) of the user.
Rate (Mbps)	Displays the wireless transmission rate of the user.

You can execute the corresponding operation to the EAP by clicking an icon in the Action column.

Click the icon to configure the rate limit of the client to balance bandwidth usage. Enter the download limit and upload limit and click **OK**.

You can limit the download and upload rate for each clients by which connect to specific SSIDs when configuring SSIDs, refer to 2.1.1 *Configure SSIDs* to get more details.

Note that the download and upload rate will be limited to the smaller value if you set the limit value both in SSID and client configuration.

	🗹 trable 🧯				
Download Limit:	0	Khps	- T (1	-10240000)	
Opload Limit:	0	Khps	τ (1	-10240000)	

 $\Diamond$ 

 $\bigcirc$ 

Click the icon to block the access of the client to the network.

## **View Block Client Information**

You can view the information of the clients that have been blocked and resume the client's access.

					🛞 Refred
ID	Hostname	MAC Address	Up (Byte)	Down (Byte)	Action
1	android-5502c20e9aa005cc	10-77-06-91-07-198	ak	1k	<b>a</b>

The following information of the blocked client is displayed:

Hostname	Displays the hostname of the user.
MAC Address	Displays the MAC address of the user.
Up (Byte)	Displays the user's total uploaded traffic to the EAP since the last connection.
Down (Byte)	Displays the user's total downloaded traffic from the EAP since the last connection.
Action	You can click the $\overline{ extsf{u}}$ to resume the client's access to the internet.

# **4** Manage the EAP

The EAP provides powerful functions of device management and maintenance. This chapter introduces how to manage the EAP, including:

- 4.1 Manage the IP Address of the EAP
- 4.2 Manage System Logs
- 4.3 Configure Web Server
- 4.4 Configure Management Access
- 4.5 Configure LED
- 4.6 Configure Wi-Fi Control (Only for Certain Devices)
- 4.7 Configure PoE Out (Only for Certain Devices)
- 4.8 Configure SSH
- 4.9 Configure SNMP

## 4.1 Manage the IP Address of the EAP

The IP address of the EAP can be a dynamic IP address assigned by the DHCP server or a static IP address manually specified by yourself. By default, the EAP gets a dynamic IP address from the DHCP server. You can also specify a static IP address according to your needs.

### Tips:

For detailed introduction about how to find the dynamic IP address of the EAP, refer to Using Web Browser on Your PC and Connecting to the Ethernet.

To configure the IP address of the EAP, go to the **Management > Network** page.

tp-link					Ð	0
	Status	Wireless	(Bunapped)	Sys	tern V	
Network	System Log	Web Server	Hanagement Access	LED Control	558	SNMP
N IP Settings						
	Standing Cl St	dic.				
Fallback 39:	ET deside					
DHICP Fallback 1P:	192.168.0.245					
DHCP Fallback Nask	255.255.255.0					
DHCP Failback Galaway:						

Follow the steps below to configure the IP address of the EAP:

- 1. Choose your desired IP address mode: Dynamic or Static.
- 2. Configure the related parameters according to your selection.

#### • Dynamic

If you choose Dynamic as the IP address mode, make sure that there is a reachable DHCP server on your network and the DHCP sever is properly configured to assign IP address and the other network parameters to the EAP.

	& Oynamic 🔿 Static
Fallback IP:	💽 Enable
DHCP Fallback IP:	192,158.0.245
DHCP Fallback Nask:	255,255,255,0
DHCP Fallback Galew	м <b>у</b> :

For network stability, you can also configure the fallback IP parameters for the EAP:

Fallback IP	With the fallback IP configured, if the EAP fails to get an IP address from a DHCP server within 10 seconds, the fallback IP will work as the IP address of the EAP. After that, however, the EAP will keep trying to obtain an IP address from the DHCP server until it succeeds.
DHCP Fallback IP	Specify a fallback IP address for the EAP. Make sure that this IP address is not being used by any other device in the same LAN. The default DHCP fallback IP is 192.168.0.254.
DHCP Fallback IP MASK	Specify the network mask of the fallback IP. The default DHCP fallback IP mask is 255.255.255.0.
DHCP Fallback Gateway	Specify the network gateway.

#### • Static

If you choose Static as the IP address mode, you need to manually specify an IP address and the related network parameters for the EAP. Make sure that the specified IP address is not being used by any other device in the same LAN.

	🔿 Dynamic 🛞 Static
IP Address:	192.168.0.245
IP Mask:	253.255.255.0
Galeway:	0.0.0.0
Primary DNS:	102.168.0.1
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)

IP Address	Specify a static IP address for the EAP.
IP Mask	Specify the network mask.
Gateway	Specify the network gateway.
Primary DNS	Specify the primary DNS server.
Secondary DNS	Specify the secondary DNS server. (Optional)

Configure the IP address and network parameters as the following table shows:

3. Click Save.

## 4.2 Manage System Logs

System logs record information about hardware, software as well as system issues and monitors system events. With the help of system log, you can get informed of system running status and detect the reasons for failure.

tp-link 0 3 LED Control SNHP Network System Log Web Server Management Access \$511 1.00 1 Index Level Log Cordent Time Type 1970-01-01 88-00:12 DTHER. WARMING. LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.220 255.255.255.0 2 1070-01-01 00:00 07 OTHER Disk Th System started Log Settings Enable Auto Mail: Chatte Ersable Enable Server Save

To manage system logs, go to the **Management > System Log** page.

On this page, you can view the system logs and configure the way of receiving system logs.

## **View System Logs**

In the Log section, you can click 🔘 🕬 to refresh the logs and view them in the table.

log	l				
					Refresh
	Index	time	LAbe	Level	Lay Content
	2	1970 01 01 00:00:12	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192,168,0.220 255,255,255,0
	1	1970-01-01 00:00:07	OTHER	INFO	System started

## Configure the Way of Receiving Logs

In the Log Settings section, you can configure the ways of receiving system logs.

Log Settings	
Enable Auto Nail:	E 1 mbbs
Enable Server:	Enable
Save	

Follow the steps below to configure this feature:

- 1. Check the corresponding box to enable one or more ways of receiving system logs, and configure the related parameters. Two ways are available: Auto Mail and Server.
  - Auto Mail

If Auto Mail is configured, system logs will be sent to a specified mailbox. Check the box to enable the feature and configure the related parameters.

#### Note:

SSL encryption is not currently supported.

Enable Auto Nall:	🖂 Enable
Linen:	
To:	
SPITP Server:	
Enable Authentication:	🗔 Enable
Lime:	(a) Lised Line
Flored Time:	00 + : 00 + (HH:MM)

The following table introduces how to configure these parameters:

From	Enter the sender's E-mail address.
То	Enter the receiver's E-mail address.
SMTP Server	Enter the IP address of the sender's SMTP server. <i>Note:</i> At present, the domain name of SMTP server is not supported in this field.
Enable Authentication	If the sender's mailbox is configured with You can check the box to enable mail server authentication. Enter the sender's username and password.

Time Mode	Select Time Mode: Fixed Time or Period Time.
	Fixed Time means that the system logs will be sent at the specific time every day. Period Time means that the system logs will be sent at the specific time interval.
Fixed Time	If you select <b>Fixed Time</b> , specify a fixed time to send the system log mails. For example, 08:30 indicates that the mail will be sent at 8:30 am everyday.
Period Time	If you select <b>Period Time</b> , specify a period time to regularly send the system log mail. For example, 6 indicates that the mail will be sent every six hours.

#### Server

If Server is configured, system logs will be sent to the specified system log server, and you can use the syslog software to view the logs on the server.

Enable this feature and enter the IP address and port of the system log server.

Enable Server:	✓ Lushis	
System Log Serv	ver IP: 0.0.0.0	
System Log Serv	er Port: 514	
More Client Deta	all Log: 🗌 Enable	
g Server IP	Enter the IP address of the server.	
	System Log Serv System Log Serv More Client Detz	System Log Server IP: 0.0.0.0 System Log Server Port: 514 More Client Detail Log:

System Log Server Port	Enter the port of the server.

More Client Detail Log With the option enabled, the logs of clients will be sent to the server.

2. Click Save.

## 4.3 Configure Web Server

With the web server, you can log in to the management web page of the EAP. You can configure the web server parameters of the EAP according to your needs.

p-link					-	0
	Status	Wireless	Managemen	Sys	tem	
Network	System Log	Web Server	Management Access	LED Control	SSH	SNM
eb Server						
Secure Server Port:	443					
Server Port:	80					
Session Timeost:	15	minutes				
Layer-3 Accessibility:	Enatile					
Note:						
Please enter the EAP's IP Sove	address to access the	web-based configura	tion utility via an HTTPS con	mettion.		

To configure Web Server, go to the **Management > Web Server** page.

Follow the steps below to configure Web Server:

1. Refer to the following table to configure the parameters:

Secure Server Port	Designate a secure server port for web server in HTTPS mode. By default the port is 443.
Server Port	Designate a server port for web server in HTTP mode. By default the port is 80.
Session Timeout	Set the session timeout. If you do nothing with the web page within the timeout, the system will log out automatically. You can log in again if you want to go back to web page.
Layer-3 Accessibility	With this feature enabled, devices from a different subnet can access Omada managed devices via the management web page. With this feature disabled, only the devices in the same subnet can access Omada managed devices via the management web page.

#### 2. Click Save.

# 4.4 Configure Management Access

By default, all hosts in the LAN can log in to the management web page of the EAP with the correct username and password. To control the hosts' access to the web page of the EAP, you can specify the MAC addresses and management VLAN of the hosts that are allowed to access the web page.

To configure Management Access, go to the **Management > Management Access** page.

Natwork Sys Access MAC Management MAC Authentication 744 MAC1: 744 MAC2: 2001	4-75-98-37-07 1-02 -00-34-34	Hanagement Acco		ssn	SMMP.
MAC Authentication:	e-32-38-38-04	Hanagement Acca	LED Control	SSH	SNMP
MAC Authentication:	4-75-98-37-07 1-02 -00-34-34				
MACI: 74-0 MACI: 24-0 MACI: 24-0	4-75-98-37-07 1-02 -00-34-34				
MAC2: 04-1	n-0; 00 <del> H</del>				
MAC3					
	0-12-00-18-0F				
	0-CE-00-M-PF				
Add 0	C's PAC Address				
Save					
lanagement VLAN					
VLAN: D En	ible				
VLAN ID	(1-40	94)			

## **Configure Access MAC Management**

Only the hosts with the specific MAC addresses are allowed to access the web page, and other hosts without MAC addresses specified are not allowed to access the web page.

Access MAC Manage	ment
NAC Authentication:	🖂 Enable
NAC1:	74-D4-05-98-01-D1
NAC2:	AA BB CC DD EE FF
NACI:	A6-BH-CC-DD-LT-H
NAC4:	AA BB CC DD EE FF
	Add PC's NAC Address
Save	

Follow the steps below to configure Management Access on this page:

- 1. Check the box to enable MAC Authentication.
- 2. Specify one or more MAC addresses in the MAC1/MAC2/MAC3/MAC4 fields. Up to four MAC addresses can be added.
- 3. Click Save.

#### Tips:

- You can click Add EC's MAC Address to quickly add the MAC address of your current logged-in host, .
- Verify the MAC addresses carefully. Once the settings are saved, only the hosts in the MAC address list can access the web page of the EAP.
- If you cannot log in to the web page after saving the wrong configuration, you can reset the EAP to the factory defaults and use the default username and password (both admin) to log in.

## **Configure Management VLAN**

Management VLAN provides a safer method to manage the EAP. With Management VLAN enabled, only the hosts in the Management VLAN can access the web page of the EAP. Since most hosts cannot process VLAN TAGs, you can connect the management host to the network via a switch, and set up correct VLAN settings for the switches on the network to ensure the communication between the host and the EAP in the Management VLAN.

Management VI	AN	
VLAN:	Enable	
VEAN ID:	1	(1-4094)
Save		

Follow the steps below to configure Management VLAN on this page:

- 1. Check the box to enable Management VLAN.
- 2. Specify the VLAN ID of the management VLAN. Only the hosts in the Management VLAN can log in to the EAP via the Ethernet port.
- 3. Click Save.

# 4.5 Configure LED

You can turn on or off the LED light of the EAP and flash the LED to locate your device.

Ptp-I	ink					-	0
		Status	Windess	Hungara	Sys	tern	
	Network	System Log	W/D Server	Management Access	LED Control	58H	SNMF
ED ON/O	IFF						
LED	8	Trouble					
Save							
ED Locat	e						
kocati	÷.						
Nutz:							
PALITIE:							

To configure LED, go to the **Management > LED Control** page.

Check the box to turn on or turn off the LED light of the EAP, and click **Save**. To flash the LED, click **Locate**. Then the LED will flash for 10 minutes or until the locate button is clicked again.

## 4.6 Configure Wi-Fi Control (Only for Certain Devices)

#### Note:

Wi-Fi Control is only available on certain devices. To check whether your device supports this feature, refer to the actual web interface. If Wi-Fi Control is available, there is **Management** > **Wi-Fi Control** in the menu structure.

Certain devices have an LED/Wi-Fi button on the front panel. With Wi-Fi Control enabled, you can press the button to turn on or off both of the Wi-Fi and LED at the same time.

To configure Wi-Fi Control, go to the **Management > Wi-Fi Control** page.

P tp-link					Ξ	0	
	Sta	ntus	Wireless	Receptual	System		
Tettakork:	System Log	Web Server	Management Acce	es LED Control	Wi-Fi Control	SSH	Study
Wi-Fi Control							
With the Wi-Fi Co	rtrol enabled, you s	an barn sni/off the t	W-R and USD simultane	usly by preasing the bu	ttan on the bank paren		
WI-H Control	C) Etable						
Note							
Yoc can enable W	-Fi Control feature	only when the LED	ON/OFF is enabled.				
Save							

Check the box to enable Wi-Fi Control and click Save.

#### Note:

You can enable Wi-Fi Control only when the option LED ON/OFF is enabled.

## 4.7 Configure PoE Out (Only for Certain Devices)

#### Note:

PoE Out is only available on certain devices. To check whether your device supports this feature, refer to the actual web interface. If PoE Out is available, there is **Management** > **LAN Port Config** in the menu structure.

Certain devices have a PoE OUT port that can transmit data and supply power to the client simultaneously. You can also disable PoE Out to make the port transmit data only.

To configure PoE Out, go to the **Management > LAN Port Config** page.

Ptp-link					<u>-</u>	?	
	Status	Wireless	Manager	nent	System		
Network	System Log Web Se	rver Manageme	nt Access LE	D Control	LAN Port Config	SSH	SNMP
PoE Out PoE Out:	Enable						
Save							

Check the box to enable PoE Out and click Save.

## 4.8 Configure SSH

If you want to remotely log in to the EAP via SSH, you can deploy an SSH server on your network and configure the SSH feature on the EAP.

	Status	Wireless.	- Management	Syst	6113
Network	System Log	Web Server Han	agument Access	LED Control	SSM Sharp
Server					
erver Port	32	(22,1025-655)	60		
Layer-3 Accessibility	CI Enable				
SSH Login	C Endtle				

To configure SSH, go to the **Management > SSH** page.

Follow the steps below to configure SSH on this page:

1. Refer to the following table to configure the parameters:

Server Port	Designate a server port for SSH. By default the port is 22.
Layer-3 Accessibility	With this feature enabled, devices from a different subnet can access Omada managed devices via SSH. With this feature disabled, only the devices in the same subnet can access Omada managed devices via SSH.
SSH Login	Enable or disable SSH Login globally.

2. Click Save.

# 4.9 Configure SNMP

The EAP can be configured as an SNMP agent and work together with the SNMP manager. Once the EAP has become an SNMP agent, it is able to receive and process request messages from the SNMP manager. At present, the EAP supports SNMP v1 and v2c.

	Status	Wireless	- Managarant	Sys	ten	
Network	System Log	Web Server	Management Access	LED Control	SSH	SNMP
IMP Agent						
SRIMP Agent	🗋 Enables					
SysContact						
Sysbame						
Systocation		1				
Get Community:	setter.	1				
Get Source	0.111					
Set Community:	(strain)					
Set Source:						

To configure the EAP as an SNMP agent, go to the **Management > SNMP** page.

Follow the steps below to complete the configuration on this page:

- 1. Check the box to enable SNMP Agent.
- 2. Refer to the following table to configure the required parameters:

SysContact	Enter the textual identification of the contact person for this managed node.
SysName	Enter an administratively-assigned name for this managed node.
SysLocation	Enter the physical location of this managed node.
Get Community	Community refers to a host group aiming at network management. Get Community only has the read-only right of the device's SNMP information. The community name can be considered a group password. The default setting is public.
Get Source	Defines the IP address (for example, 10.10.10.1) for management systems that can serve as Get Community to read the SNMP information of this device. The default is 0.0.0.0, which means all hosts can read the SNMP information of this device.

Set Community	Set Community has the read and write right of the device's SNMP information. Enter the community name that allows read/write access to the device's SNMP information. The community name can be considered a group password. The default setting is private.
Set Source	Defines the IP address (for example, 10.10.10.1) for management systems that can serve as Set Community to read and write the SNMP information of this device. The default is 0.0.0.0, which means all hosts can read and write the SNMP information of this device.

#### 3. Click Save.

#### Note:

Defining community can allow management systems in the same community to communicate with the SNMP Agent. The community name can be seen as the shared password of the network hosts group. Thus, for the security, we recommend that modify the default community name before enabling the SNMP Agent service. If the field of community is blank, the SNMP Agent will not respond to any community name.

# **5** Configure the System

This chapter introduces how to configure the system of the EAP, including:

- 5.1 Configure the User Account
- 5.2 Controller Settings
- 5.3 Configure the System Time
- 5.4 Reboot and Reset the EAP
- 5.5 Backup and Restore the Configuration
- 5.6 Update the Firmware

# 5.1 Configure the User Account

Every EAP has a user account, which is used to log in to the management page of the EAP. When you start the EAP at the first time, the username and password of the user account are both admin. After the first login, the system will require you to set a new username and a new password for the user account. And then you can use the new user account to log in to the EAP. Also, you can change your user account as needed.

### Tips:

Please remember your user account well. If you forget it, reset the EAP to the factory defaults and log in with the default user account (username and password are both admin).

	Status	Wirekiss	Management	System
User Ac	xount Time S	ettings Reboot	/Reset Backup & Restore	Firmware Update
ount Management				
Old ther Name:				
Old Pesnword				
New User Riverse				

To configure the user account, go to **System > User Account** page.

Follow the steps below to change your user account on this page:

- 1. Enter the old username and old password of your user account.
- 2. Specify a new username and a new password for your user account. The system will automatically detect the strength of your entered password. For security, we recommend that you set a password with high strength.
- 3. Retype the new password.
- 4. Click Save.

# 5.2 Controller Settings

To make your controller adopt your EAP, make sure the EAP can be discovered by the controller. Controller Settings enable your EAP to be discovered in either of the following scenarios.

- If you are using Omada Cloud-Based Controller, Enable Cloud-Based Controller Management.
- If your EAP and controller are located in the same network, LAN and VLAN, the controller can discover and adopt the EAP without any controller settings. Otherwise, you need to inform the EAP of the controller's URL/IP address, and one possible way is to *Configure Controller Inform URL*.

For details about the whole procedure, refer to the User Guide of Omada SDN Controller. The guide can be found on the download center of our official website: <u>https://www.tp-link.com/support/download/</u>

## **Enable Cloud-Based Controller Management**

Go to the **System > Controller Settings** page. In the Cloud- Based Controller Management section, enable Cloud-Based Controller Management and click **Save**. After you add the

EAP to your Omada Cloud-Based Controller, you can check the connection status on this page.

	Status	Wireless	Management	Table:	
Uwer Account	Controller Settings	Time Settings	Rebot/Reset	Backup & Restore	Pernware Update
Cloud-Based Co	ntroller Managemei	nt			
Connection Status	Croat/wit				
Cloud-Based Control	lor Management: 🗍 Frak	4			
Neckie :					
To write contrained mu	erapement or Omails Coul-	Based Centryller, enabl	s Coul-Basel Controle	Management and add th	a device to the controller via it
To enjoy controlized mu benal number.	anagement on Omaila Coud- dure if you do not need to m				a device to the controller via it
To enjoy controlized mu benal number.	iture if you its not need to m				a device to the controller via it
To letjey cartilized m senal number. You can disable this fee	nare if you ito not need to m m URL				a davisa to the centrolar via t
to wijey santhalized mu senar number. You can disable this fee Controller Infor	nare if you ito not need to m m URL				a device to the controller vie it

## **Configure Controller Inform URL**

Go to the **System > Controller Settings** page. In the Controller Inform URL section, inform the EAP of the controller's URL/IP address, and click **Save**. Then the EAP make contact with the controller so that the controller can discover the EAP.

	Status	wireless	Management	Subtry:	
Uwer Account	Controller Settings	Time Settings	Rebot/Reset	Backup & Restore	Ferriware Update
oud-Based Co	ntroller Managemer	it			
mnection Status	Orselived				
oud-flased Controll	er Management: 🗍 Stab				
Ale:					
which control and ma	inagement on Omada Osud-	Based Centroller, enable	Cool-Basel Controlle	Management and add th	a davies to the centroller via
nal nuclear.	magement on Omada Obud- tare if you do not need to m				a davice to the unitrofee via
wrjzy sentralized ma nal number.	tare if you do not need to m				a davine to the sentrolise via
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wijny santhaland ma na number. 6 kan disole this fee ontroller Inform	ture if you do not need to m m URE				a davies to the sentroller via

# 5.3 Configure the System Time

System time is the standard time for Scheduler and other time-based functions. The EAP supports the basic system time settings and the Daylight Saving Time (DST) feature.

	Wintess	Monitoring	Manager		<b>Benne</b>		
User Acces	ent Time Set	tings Heliout/	Reset 8	lackup & Rest	ure .	Firmware Update	
ne Settings							
Tires. summ:	(GHT+08:00) 8m)/	ng, Hong Kong, Perth. Si	anine .	*			
Date	06/05/3037	HM/DD/YYYY					
Time:	14. 1	* 21 * Deta	(2017)				
Primary NIP Server		(optional)					
Secondary NIP Server		(aptroval)					
	Get CHIT Synch	srite with PC					Ser
ylight Saving							
	Truitie						
Deylight Seving			Contractor Mandar				
Dayligfit Saviny: Mode	at tradelised block	D arrent of Angel					

To configure the system time, go to the **System > Time Settings** page.

The following two sections introduce how to configure the basic system time settings and the Daylight Saving Time feature.

## Configure the System Time

In the **Time Settings** section, you can configure the system time. There are three methods to set the system time: Set the System Time Manually, Acquire the System Time From an NTP Server, and Synchronize the System Time with PC's Clock.

Time zone	(GMT+(88:00) Bec)re	p. Hong Kong, Perth, Singkoore	
Date:	06/01/2017	HHC/DD/YENY	
Tister	34	· · 22 • (ma(M0/55)	
Primary NTP Server:		(certurnel)	
Secondary NTP Surver		(mptorval)	

Determine the way of setting the system time and follow the steps below to complete the configurations:

## • Set the System Time Manually

To set the system time manually, follow the steps below:

1. Configure the following three options on the page: Time Zone, Date and Time.

Time Zone	Select your time zone from the drop-down list. Here GMT means Greenwich Mean Time.
Date	Specify the current date in the format MM/DD/YYYY. MM means month, DD means day and YYYY means year. For example: 06/01/2017.
Time	Specify the current time in the format HH/MM/SS. HH means hour, MM means minute and SS means second. It uses 24-hour system time. For example: 14:36:21.

#### 2. Click Save.

#### Note:

The system time set manually will be lost after the EAP is rebooted.

### • Acquire the System Time From an NTP Server

To get the system time from an NTP server, follow the steps below:

1. Build an NTP server on your network and make sure that it is reachable by the EAP. Or you can simply find an NTP server on the internet and get its IP address.

## Note:

If you use an NTP server on the internet, make sure that the gateway address is set correctly on the EAP. Otherwise, the EAP cannot get the system time from the NTP server successfully. To set the gateway address, refer to 2.1 Configure the Wireless Parameters.

Specify the NTP server for the EAP. If you have two NTP servers, you can set one of them as the primary NTP server, and the other as the secondary NTP server. Once the primary NTP server is down, the EAP can get the system time from the secondary NTP server.

Primary NTP	Enter the IP address of the primary NTP server.
Server	<i>Note:</i> If you have only one NTP server on your network, enter the IP address of the NTP server in this field.
Secondary NTP Server	Enter the IP address of the secondary NTP server.

- 3. Click the button and the acquired system time will be displayed in the **Date** and **Time** fields.
- 4. Click Save.

## • Synchronize the System Time with PC's Clock

To synchronize the system time with the clock of your currently logged-in host, follow the steps below:

- 1. Click the button **Synchronize with PC** and the synchronized system time will be displayed in the **Date** and **Time** fields.
- 2. Click Save.

### Note:

The system time synchronized with PC's clock will be lost after the EAP is rebooted.

## **Configure Daylight Saving Time**

Daylight saving time is the practice of advancing clocks during summer months so that evening daylight lasts longer, while sacrificing normal sunrise times. The EAP provides daylight saving time configuration.

Daylight Saving		
Daylight Saving:	Enable	
Mode	Predefined Hode     O Recurring Mode     O Date Mode	
Predefine Country:	Buropean w	
		Save

Follow the steps below to configure daylight saving time:

- 1. Check the box to enable Daylight Saving.
- 2. Select the mode of daylight saving time. Three modes are available: **Predefined Mode**, **Recurring Mode** and **Date Mode**.
- 3. Configure the related parameters of the selected mode.
  - Predefined Mode

If you select Predefined Mode, choose your region from the drop-down list and the EAP will use the predefined daylight saving time of the selected region.

Mode:	😰 Pridational Mada	C Recurring Mode	C Date Mode
Predefine Country:	European +		

There are four regions provided: **USA**, **European**, **Austrilia** and **New Zealand**. The following table introduces the predefined daylight saving time of each region.

USA	From 2: 00 a.m. on the Second Sunday in March to 2:00 a.m. on the First Sunday in November.
European	From 1: 00 a.m. on the Last Sunday in March to 1:00 a.m. on the Last Sunday in October.
Australia	From 2:00 a.m. on the First Sunday in October to 3:00 a.m. on the First Sunday in April.
New Zealand	From 2: 00 a.m. on the Last Sunday in September to 3:00 a.m. on the First Sunday in April.

#### Recurring Mode

If you select Recurring Mode, manually specify a cycle time range for the daylight saving time of the EAP. This configuration will be used every year.

Mode	C Pred	sfined	Mode	(i)   -		Visit Milia		O.P	ate Mod	le:			
Time Offset:	60		minutes	[1-1	80)								
Start	Last	٠	Sun	*	in.	Mar	Ŷ	at	01		1	00	
End:	Last		Sun		in	Oct		at	01		1.1	00	

The following table introduces how to configure the cycle time range.

Time Offset	Specify the time to set the clock forward by.
Start	Specify the start time of daylight saving time. The interval between the start time and end time should be more than 1 day and less than 1 year (365 days).
End	Specify the end time of daylight saving time. The interval between the start time and end time should be more than 1 day and less than 1 year (365 days).

#### Date Mode

If you select Date Mode, manually specify an absolute time range for the daylight saving time of the EAP. This configuration will be used only once.

Mode	C Prede	fine	1 Mc	de C	) Rec	urri	ing Mod	61	6 (D)	te Hod				
Time Offset:	60		n	inutes (	1-180	1)								
Start:	2014	*	-	Mar	+	-	01	Ŧ	at	01		ł.	00	7
End	2014	+		Oct			01		at	01	Ψ.		00	1.9

The following table introduces how to configure the absolute time range.

Time Offset	Specify the time to set the clock forward by.
Start	Specify the start time of daylight saving time. The interval between the start time and end time should be more than 1 day and less than 1 year (365 days).
End	Specify the end time of daylight saving time. The interval between the start time and end time should be more than 1 day and less than 1 year (365 days).

4. Click Save.

## 5.4 Reboot and Reset the EAP

You can reboot and reset the EAP according to your need.

#### To reboot and reset the EAP, go to the **System > Reboot&Reset** page.

					9	
	Statu	s Wirele	as. Ma	nagement	Sector 1	
Us	er Account	Time Sattings	Reboot/Reset	Backup & Restore	Pirmwake update	
Reboot & Reset						
Rebout Device:		Tubout .				
Reset to Factory Defi	and the second second	Benefit				

- To reboot the EAP, click the **button**, and the EAP will be rebooted automatically. Please wait without any operation.
- To reset the EAP, click the Reset button , and the EAP will be reset to the factory defaults automatically. Please wait without any operation.

#### Note:

After reset, all the current configuration of the EAP will be lost. We recommend that you check whether you have any configuration that needs to be backed up before resetting the EAP.

## 5.5 Backup and Restore the Configuration

You can save the current configuration of the EAP as a backup file and save the file to your host. And if needed, you can use the backup file to restore the configuration. We recommend that you backup the configuration before resetting or upgrading the EAP.

To backup and restore the configuration, go to the **System > Backup&Restore** page.

User Account Time Settings Rebot/Reset Rackup & Restore Permisine Update
Save a copy of the current settings.
save a copy of the connect settings.
tore

- To backup the configuration, click the button **Backup** in the Backup section, and the backup file will be saved to the host automatically.
- To restore the configuration, click the button Restore in the Restore section and choose the backup file from the host. Then click the button Restore to restore the configuration.

# 5.6 Update the Firmware

We occasionally provide the firmware update files for the EAP products on our official website. To get new functions of the EAP, you can check our official website and download the update files to update the firmware of your EAP.

To update the firmware, go to the **System > Firmware Update** page.

	Status	Wind	ess Ma	magement	Sectors 1
User	Account	Time Settings	Reboot/Reset	Backup & Restore	Firmware Update
vare Update					
iew Firmware File:			Browne		
Abiming:					

Follow the steps below to update the firmware of your EAP:

- 1. Go to our website https://www.tp-link.com and search your EAP model. Download the proper firmware file on the support page of the EAP.
- 2. Click the button , locate and choose the correct firmware file from your host.
- 3. Click the button update to update the firmware of the EAP. After updated, the EAP will be rebooted automatically.

#### Note:

The update process takes several minutes. To avoid damage to the EAP, please wait without any operation until the update is finished.

# **6** Application Example

This chapter provides an application example about how to establish and manage a EAP wireless network:

A restaurant wants to provide the wireless internet access for the employees and guests. The restaurant now has a router, a switch, a dual-band EAP and a computer. Follow the steps below to establish the wireless network:

- 1. 6.1 Determine the Network Requirements
- 2. 6.2 Build the Network Topology
- 3. 6.3 Log in to the EAP
- 4. 6.4 Configure the EAP
- 5. 6.5 Test the Network

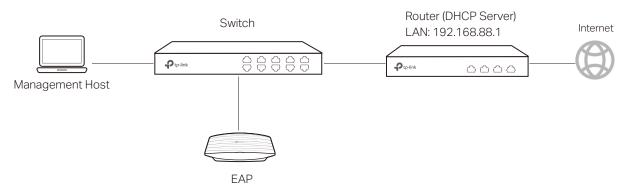
# 6.1 Determine the Network Requirements

Before starting to build the network, we need to first analyze and determine the network requirements. In this restaurant example, the network requirements are as follows:

- On both 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands, there are two SSIDs needed: one for the restaurant employees and one for the guests.
- In order to advertise the restaurant, the Portal feature needs to be configured on the SSIDs for the guests. In this way, the guests who have passed the portal authentication will be redirected to the restaurant's official website http://www.restaurant1.com.
- The employees of the restaurant can use the correct password to access the internet and do not need to pass the portal authentication. For security, the SSIDs for the employees should be encrypted with WPA2-PSK.
- To reduce power consumption, the Scheduler feature needs to be configured. The radio should operate only during the working time (9:00 am to 22:00 pm).

# 6.2 Build the Network Topology

Build the network topology as the following figure shows.



- The router is the gateway of the network and acts as a DHCP server to assign dynamic IP addresses to the management host, EAP and clients. The LAN IP of the router is 192.168.88.1/24.
- Connect the switch to the LAN port of the router.
- Connect the management host and the EAP to the switch. The IP address mode of the management host and EAP is dynamic, which means that they will get dynamic IP addresses from the router.

### Tips:

If the router has more than one LAN port, we can also respectively connect the management host and the EAP to the LAN ports of the router.

# 6.3 Log in to the EAP

After building the network topology, follow the steps below to log in to the web page of the EAP:

1. On the management host, launch the web browser and enter "192.168.88.1" in the address bar. Then log in to the router and find the IP address of the EAP. As the following figure shows, the IP address of the EAP is 192.168.88.101.

List o	f DHCP Client			
No.	Host Name	MAC Address	IP Address	Lease Time
1	EAP245-50-C7-BF	50-C7-BF-17-A6-E2	192.168.88.101	00:00:43
2	tplink2	F8-BC-12-9B-93-A4	192.168.88.100	00:00:58

2. Enter "192.168.88.101" in the address bar to load the login page of the EAP. Type the default username and password (both admin) in the two fields and click **LOGIN**.

tp-link EAP246	
ama	
(	9

3. In the pop-up window, specify a new username and a new password for the user account. Click **Next**.

Contraction of the second second	restaurant	
New Password:	•••••	
Confirm Password:		۰.

# 6.4 Configure the EAP

To achieve the network requirements in this application example, we need to *Configure* SSIDs, *Configure* Portal Authentication and *Configure* Scheduler.

## **Configure SSIDs**

 After Logging in to EAP, follow the step-by-step instructions to complete the basic configurations of creating SSIDs. Configure the SSID as "employee\_2.4GHz" and "employee\_5GHz", specify the Password as "restaurant123abc". Click Save.

Control to link		
	Wireless Basic Set	ttings
	3.4GHz Wireless Radio	E tutte
	SNID	employee-2.4GHz
	Password:	vestai-rert123.00
	SGHz Wireless Radia:	E man
	5510	employee-blintz
	Password:	restaurant123ala
	Ball Sine	

2. Go to the Wireless > Wireless Settings page. Create SSIDs for guests on 2.4GHz. Click
 Add to add a new SSID.

D SSID VLAN ID SSID Broadcast Security Mode Guest Network Action					0
	D		SSID Broadcast		Action

 The following page will appear. Configure this SSID as "guest\_2.4GHz", keep the Security Mode as "None" and check the box to enable the Portal feature for this SSID. Click OK.

10	SSED		VLAN 10	551D Broadcast	Security Mode	Guest Network	Action
	SSID SSID Broadcast: Security Hode:	puesti 2.4 Di	ideo T				
	Guest Network	🗆 Enable					
	Rate Limit:	C Enable					

4. Click 2.4CHz 5CHz to enter the configuration page for the 5GHz band. Similarly to the configurations for the 2.4GHz band, configure another SSID for the guests on the 5GHz band.

## **Configure Portal Authentication**

Follow the steps below to configure portal authentication:

1. Go to the **Wireless > Portal** page.

2. Configure the portal feature as the following figure shows.

Ptp-link					Ð	0
	Status	and the second second	Maragem	ont Syst	tem	
Wreless Settings	Portal VLAN	NAC PERING	Scheduler	Band Steering	quis	Rogue AP Detecto
ortal Configuration						
SKID	quest-2.4GHz, guest	-56на т				
Authentication Type:	Local Pareword					
Pausword	restaurant125					
Authentication Timeost	Custom					
	0 0 2 4 0	44				
Refirect:						
Refired URL:	http://restaurants.co	orin				
Portal Customization:	Local Web Portal					
	594	eloone to XXX nestaur	et			
	Password:					
	Term of the					
	By using 8 to these b 1 morrows 2 morrows		ou agree			
	(C) * *****					
		1420				

- 1) Select the SSIDs for the guests on which the portal will take effect.
- 2) Select the Authentication Type as "Local Password" and specify the Password as "restaurant123".
- Configure Authentication Timeout. Here we customize the timeout as 2 hours. It means that guests will be logged out after they have been authenticated for 2 hours. To continue to use the internet service, these guests need to enter the password to pass the portal authentication once again.
- 4) Check the box to enable **Redirect**, and enter the website of the restaurant: http:// www.restaurant1.com.

- 5) Configure the authentication page. Specify the title and the term of use. To access the internet, guests need to enter the correct password in the **Password** field, accept the **Term of Use**, and click the **Login** button.
- 3. Click Save.

## **Configure Scheduler**

Follow the steps below to schedule the radio to operate only during the working time (9:00 am to 22:00 pm).

- 1. Go to the **Wireless > Scheduler** page.
- 2. In the **Settings** section, check the box to enable **Scheduler**, and select the **Association Mode** as "Associated with AP". Click **Save**.

Acceptation Made	Association Mode sossisted with AP +	tings		
Association Made - Associated with 20 m		schedaler:	2	
		Associatizes Mode	Associated with AP +	

3. In the Scheduler Profile Configuration section, click 🚺 Create Profile .



1) The following page will appear. Click 🔂 Add a Profile and specify the profile name as "worktime". Click **OK**.

Profile Name	Holify	-10	Profile Name	Days	Start Time	First Time	Modi
		 5		-	-	-	-
Profile outline							

2) Choose the newly added profile "worktime", and click 🔂 Add an item. Then the item configuraiton page will appear. Specify the time range as everyday 9:00 to 22:00. Click **OK**.

	Q +40 + 71000							0.	
Profile Name	Multy	w	Profile	Water		Dept	start Time	East Time	Holl
anthing	8.								
			Deep:						
			C Week Dire	0.8	(periods) and	10 C		Collins	
			C Ween Day						
			8 ===   8 ==		2.				
			8 ===   8 ==	1 ma	2.				

4. In the **Scheduler Association** section, select "worktime" in the **Profile Name** column and select "Radio On" in the **Action** column. Click **Save**.

ID	AP	AP MAC	Profile Rome	Action	
1	64P345-50-c7-07-17-a8-62	\$0-C7-89-17-88-82	mphints	 Radio On	

## 6.5 Test the Network

To ensure that the employees and guests can surf the internet via the wireless network, we can use a client device, such as a telephone, to test whether the SSIDs are working normally.

- To test the SSIDs for the employees, follow the steps below:
  - 1) Enable the Wi-Fi feature of the client device.
  - 2) Choose the SSID "employee\_2.4GHz" or "employee\_5GHz" among the detected SSIDs.
  - 3) Enter the password "restaurant123abc" to join the wireless network.
  - 4) Check whether internet websites can be visited successfully.
- To test the SSIDs for the guests, follow the steps below:
  - 1) Enable the Wi-Fi feature of the client device.
  - 2) Choose the SSID "guest\_2.4GHz" or "guest\_5GHz" among the detected SSIDs.
  - 3) The default web browser on the device will pop up and the authentication page will appear. Enter the password "restaurant123", check the box to accept the term of use, and click the LOGIN button.



#### Tips:

Generally, the web browser pops up automatically. But if the web browser does not pop up, we can manually launch the web browser and visit any http website. Then the authentication page will appear.

4) If the network is working normally, we will be redirected to the website of the restaurant: http://www.restaurant1.com.



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