Este calçado foi concebido e fabricado tendo em conta as exigências para o fim a que se destina.

INFORMATION

The information in this brochure is intended for the model WG3A11.

This model offered to you has CE marking. Therefore meets the essential requirements of the European Directive UE2016/425 related to personal protective equipment (PPE), including the requirements of the harmonized standard EN ISO 20344: 2011.

This model was EC type-examinated in the European Notified Agency APICCAPS – Associação Portuguesa de Industriais de Calçado, Componentes, Artigos de Pele e Sucedâneos, Notified Body n.º 2790.

Marking EN ISO 20347: 2012 - Rating OB + A + E + SRB for this product ensure:

- OB Basic requirements for occupational footwear.
- E Energy absorption in the heel.
- A Footwear whose materials and structure dissipate electrostatic charges antistatic footwear.
- SRB footwear with slip resistant properties of stainless steel floor and glycerin. Produced by: Nursingshoes, Lda. Rua da Gaiata nº 14, 2475-112 Benedita, Portugal. Declaration of conformity at: http://www.nursingcare.pt

NOTE: Only are covered the risks for which the corresponding category figure in the footwear. Any evidence adduced later can modify the characteristics of the footwear.

ANTISTATIC FOOTWEAR

The antistatic footwear should be used when there is a need to minimize the formation of static electricity, dissipating it, and thereby avoiding the risk of electric shock due, for example, to the presence of flammable substances and vapors. Should also be used when the risk of electric shock from any electrical appliance or its unprotected parts, was not completely eliminated. It should be borne in mind, however, that the antistatic shoes can't guarantee adequate protection against electric shocks, since only introduces a resistance between the foot and the floor. If the risk of electric shock has not been completely eliminated, additional measurements are required, which are essential in the prevention of risk. These measurements, as well as the additional tests mentioned below, must appear on accident prevention program in the workplace.

Experience shows that for antistatic purposes, the discharge path through the product should have an electrical resistance lower than $100~\text{M}\Omega$ at any time during its life time. The value of $100~\text{K}\Omega$ is specified as the lower limit of resistance of a product when new. This value is intended to ensure limited protection against dangerous electric shock or electrical shock in case of any electrical appliance becoming defective when operated at voltages greater than 250V. However, in some situations, users should note that the shoes can't provide always appropriate protection and should take extra safeguard measures to protect the user.